

2024
2025
annual report

#### **Prophecy International Holdings Ltd**

ACN 079 971 618 ABN 16 079 971 618

#### **Directors**

Edwin Reynolds Leanne R Challans Matthew T Michalewicz (resigned 12 September 2025) Grant R Miles

# **Company Secretary**

Grant R Miles

#### **Registered Office**

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#### **Share Registry**

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#### **Auditors**

Grant Thornton Audit Pty Ltd Level 3 170 Frome Street Adelaide, South Australia 5000

#### **Solicitors**

O'Loughlins, Barristers & Solicitors 99 Frome Street Adelaide, South Australia 5000

#### **Bankers**

Commonwealth Bank of Australia 96 King William Street Adelaide, South Australia 5000

National Australia Bank Business Banking Centre Level 9, 22 King William Street Adelaide, South Australia 5000

#### **Corporate Governance Statement**

http://www.prophecyinternational.com/wp-content/uploads/00-PRO-2025-Corporate-Governance-Statement.pdf

ProphecyOpen, Prophecy, Prophecy Object Framework, Snare and emite are trademarks of Prophecy International Holdings Ltd. and its subsidiaries. All other company and product names may be trademarks of their respective owner.

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# **Company Profile**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

Prophecy International Holdings Limited (the "Company" and its controlled entities (the "Group" or "Prophecy") is an Australian based global Business-to-Business (B2B) and Business-to-Government (B2G) software company developing innovation for global markets in the SaaS/Cloud, cyber security and big data/analytics markets. The company is headquartered in Adelaide, Australia and has over 100 staff in offices in Sydney Australia, Denver USA, Manila in the Philippines and remote offices in the UK.

Prophecy is listed on the ASX under the PRO code.

Founded in 1980, Prophecy has naturally evolved over time and by acquisition to become a software company focused on data driven solutions to help our customers secure the enterprise, protect from Cyber threats and deliver business insights in the Customer Experience (CX) and Contact/Call Centre markets using business analytics. We believe that you should be able to make better decisions, faster to protect and improve your digital business operations.

Our two primary product offerings in Snare and emite were acquired in the purchase of the companies that had developed the IP and both are now wholly owned subsidiaries of Prophecy. Snare was acquired through the purchase of Intersect Alliance in 2011 and emite was acquired in 2015.

Prophecy software has been deployed at more than 4,000 customer sites globally and our continuous re-invention and commitment to product innovation has enabled Prophecy to maintain our position as a trusted vendor within industries such as Banking and Finance, Public Sector, Defence & Military, Healthcare, Utilities, Manufacturing and Retail.

Prophecy sells to global markets with a strong focus on Large Enterprise and Government through our direct sales force in Europe, USA and APAC and through a global network of partners across all our product offerings.

Our customer base includes some of the best-known brand names in the world including many of the Fortune 500.

#### **Snare**

Cyber security software can be broadly looked at in two groups – permitter security designed to keep the bad actors out, and monitoring solutions to detect the bad actors in the process of a breach or after a breach. Leading industry analyst Forrester categorizes Snare as a Security Analytics platform or a platform that converges logs from network, identity, endpoint, application, and other security relevant sources to generate high-fidelity behavioral alerts and facilitate rapid incident analysis, investigation, and response.

Snare is a monitoring solution designed to help our customers answer the following questions:

"Did someone get in?"

"How did they get in? "

"What did they see/take/change?"

Snare is a suite of software products that enable customers to collect security data from a range of end point devices and cloud-based systems including desktops, servers, network devices, software applications, cloud infrastructure like Azure and other cloud applications like Office 365.

We help customers manage their security policy, store data for forensics and compliance use cases, have a range of simple to use and comprehensive out of the box reports, real time alerting of possible threats.

The product suite includes software agents for desktop, Windows Servers, Linux, Unix, Flat File logs, Syslog devices, MacOS, and Applications.

Enterprise tools include fleet and policy management, multipoint reflection, log format parsing, File Integrity and Access Management, Registry Integrity and Access Management & Database Activity Management.

Snare Central is a centre piece of the Snare Solution and can be deployed on premise, in the customer virtual private cloud and in highly secure air-gapped environments.

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# **Company Profile**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

Snare Central delivers industry leading compression of data to enable long term storage for compliance and forensics, alerting, reporting, analytics, visualizations, centralized management, high availability, custom report building and API connectivity to cloud based log sources.

Snare has been designed for very large and complex environments and offers industry leading scalability and data ingestion.

#### emite

emite is a reporting and analytics solution focused on driving efficiency and improvement in operations and customer engagement from the contact/call centre segment and more broadly the Customer Experience (CX) market segment.

Customer Experience has become one of the few ways companies can differentiate themselves from their competition and the migration to cloud based systems to deliver CX has become an opportunity for our customers to adopt a set of new and more flexible and powerful tools to deliver CX. This has also added challenges as these many tools – including chat, chat bots, CRM, service ticketing, work force management (WFM), transcription, sentiment analysis, survey, IVR and more are siloed and disconnected from a reporting and analytics perspective.

This makes the analysis of the effectiveness of these systems and process and the satisfaction level of your end customer across these applications increasingly difficult.

emite is a SaaS based solution that can be deployed in hours in either Amazon or Oracle cloud to meet this challenge.

emite collects and ingests data from multiple data sources and applications, indexes and correlates the data by mapping it together, runs custom KPI and algorithms across the data creating custom metrics; and then visualizes the data in reports, dashboards and wallboards that can be delivered to everyone from an individual contact centre agent to their team leaders, CX Managers and Business Executives.

emite also delivers both historical trending and sub-second real time data in the same visualizations with a significant amount of industry IP built into the platform enabling industry leading speed to value.

The product suite includes:

- A data ingestion toolset and adaptors to connect to various data sources and API's including software like Genesys Cloud, Amazon Connect, Salesforce, ServiceNow, CSV files and industry standard databases like SQL and Oracle and many others.
- An indexing platform that correlates and normalizes the data.
- A KPI platform that creates custom KPIs, metrics and measures
- Data visualization layer to enable "no code" dashboard and wall board creation.
- Real time alerting
- Orchestration
- Report Scheduling & sharing

# Prophecy International Holdings Limited and Controlled Entities ABN: 16 079 971 618

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# Letter from the Chairman

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

Dear Shareholders.

FY25 has been a year in which our company not only delivered operational progress, but also laid the foundation for what could be the most significant transformation in the Company's history.

At the centre of this transformation is the proposed merger between the Company and Complexica Pty Ltd (**Complexica**) announced in August 2025 (**Proposed Merger** to create **MergeCo**). As announced on 8 September 2025, the Company is currently in the process of assessing its performance and outlook in light of business developments in the early part of FY26, and whether there are any implications for the Proposed Merger. Subject to satisfactory completion of this assessment, and the other conditions to the Proposed Merger including shareholder approval, this transaction will see Prophecy acquire Complexica and subsequently adopt the new name Complexica Group Limited (proposed ASX code: CPX). If approved, this change will mark the beginning of a new chapter: the emergence of Australia's first pure-play, Al-driven enterprise software company listed on the ASX.

#### A Year of Delivery

Before I say more about the Proposed Merger, I want to reflect on the progress made in FY25 across our existing operations.

Our business achieved new wins in government, healthcare and defence and we strengthened our channel strategy by entering into global partnerships with AWS and Securonix. We expanded our reach into new markets and continued to invest in product enhancements across both Snare and emite.

Operationally, we delivered on important initiatives that will underpin future scalability. These included the rearchitecture of emite, bringing a new Snare product to market, and the ongoing implementation of core cost management measures to improve profit margins. Together, these improvements show that the business remains focused, resilient and strategically aligned to the opportunities ahead.

## Complexica: A Platform for the Future

The Proposed Merger with Complexica represents a transformational opportunity to reposition MergeCo as a global competitor in enterprise software and applied artificial intelligence.

Prophecy's strengths have long been in data integration, compliance, analytics and security - trusted by customers in highly regulated sectors for more than four decades. Complexica, meanwhile, brings deep expertise in Al-powered decision optimisation, with proven deployments across the supply chain, fast-moving consumer goods and industrial sectors.

Bringing these two businesses together creates a truly differentiated proposition: a "data-to-decision" platform that spans the entire value chain - from secure ingestion, to analytics and visualisation, to prediction and real-time optimisation.

Once completed, MergeCo, Complexica Group Ltd, would serve more than 580 enterprise customers across five global regions, supported by a team approaching 150 people. It would also provide the scale and credibility to pursue future international expansion and, in time, a disciplined M&A strategy.

This is not change for its own sake. The Proposed Merger positions MergeCo to lead in applied enterprise AI, a market where demand for practical, outcomes-driven solutions is accelerating. The opportunity is not simply to participate in the global AI trend, but to define how intelligence and infrastructure combine to deliver lasting business value.

Our immediate focus is on executing the merger process with discipline ensuring continuity for our customers and creating long-term value for shareholders. With scale, and breadth of capability, we believe MergeCo will be well positioned to capitalise on the global AI opportunity from a uniquely Australian base.

#### **Looking Ahead**

FY26 promises to be a pivotal year. Subject to completion of the Proposed Merger with Complexica, we will begin trading as Complexica Group Ltd (ASX: CPX). Our focus will be on integration, cross-selling and laying the groundwork for deeper Al capability within Snare and emite.

While much work lies ahead, our vision is clear: to create a company that combines enterprise-grade trust and delivery with world-class intelligence and optimisation.

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# Letter from the Chairman

# For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

I also look forward to assuming the role of acting CEO of Prophecy which was announced subsequent to the end of FY25 and would like to thank Brad Thomas for the important role he has played in the Company's growth over the last eight years.

On behalf of the Board, I thank our shareholders for their continued support during this exciting period. I also extend my gratitude to our employees, customers and partners, whose commitment and trust remain the foundation of our success.

We look forward to the opportunities ahead, and to sharing the next stage of this journey with you.

Yours sincerely,

**Edwin Reynolds** 

Chairman and Acting CEO

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# **Review of Operations**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### **FY25 Overview**

In FY25, Prophecy delivered stable performance across its product portfolio despite transitional challenges and the impact of legacy revenue attrition.

Revenue was \$21.8 million at 30 June 2025, down from \$22.8 million at 30 June 2024. The decrease primarily reflects ~\$0.8 million from legacy products ceasing, alongside some emite customers reaching the end of fixed-term contracts. Sales staff changes in North America impacted on the conversion rate of new opportunities. Higher than expected customer churn also impacted on the revenue number.

The Group delivered a disappointing loss for FY25 and has initiated a set of cost cutting measures to align ongoing expenditure with current revenues. Development expenditure linked to the emite rearchitecture project was capitalised in line with accounting treatment for long-term platform enhancements.

The Board and management expect a stable FY26 revenue outlook, supported by recent enterprise wins, growing partner-led channels and continued momentum in iPaaS adoption.

#### emite Sales and Operational Highlights

FY25 was a year of significant investment in strengthening emite's architecture and market positioning. During the year, Prophecy:

- Advanced the emite rearchitecture program, designed to improve scalability, performance, and integration capability, with costs capitalised to reflect its long-term benefit.
- Delivered record platform usage, with emite's iPaaS solution recording 28 million actions per day in May 2025, compared to 100 million for the whole of January 2025.
- Secured notable new iPaaS customers, including Riyadh Air, Airbnb, Yuzzu and Services Australia.
- Continued to focus on CX partnerships, with alignment to Genesys and Amazon Connect channels.

emite's stable outlook is underpinned by solid partner engagement and rapid adoption of its iPaaS capabilities, which are increasingly recognised as a differentiated offering in customer experience environments.

#### **Snare Sales and Operational Highlights**

Snare continued to deliver customer and partner momentum through FY25, supported by its core positioning in security, compliance and log management. During FY25, Prophecy:

- Won major new enterprise Snare customers, including MLC Life (ANZ), Ministry of Defence (UK), Florida State University (USA), Westchester County (USA) and the Defence Science & Technology Agency (Singapore).
- Entered into a global reseller agreement with Securonix, significantly expanding Snare's distribution reach and supporting pipeline build.
- Expanded product functionality with the launch of a new Snare solution and continued enhancements across
  existing modules.

With the full-year benefit of FY25 customer wins, combined with expanded distribution via Securonix, Snare expects stable results in FY26.

#### Operational Efficiency and R&D

During FY25, Prophecy continued to make disciplined R&D investment, balancing capitalised platform development (including the emite rearchitecture project) with targeted product enhancements. The Group progressed initiatives to minimise cost of goods sold in FY26, supporting margin expansion potential from FY26 onward. Prophecy maintains its focus on aligning operating expenses with recurring revenue growth, positioning the business for greater scalability.

#### **Strategic Positioning**

The announcement in August 2025 of the proposed merger with Complexica Pty Ltd represents a strategic milestone for the Group. If the proposed merger is completed, Complexica's expertise in decision optimisation, combined with Prophecy's strength in compliance, analytics and integration, will create a differentiated, end-to-end platform spanning secure data ingestion through to Al-driven decision support.

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# **Review of Operations**

# For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

Complexica's successful integration of Wave Systems following its acquisition in June 2023 demonstrates its ability to execute disciplined, accretive M&A. This capability, combined with the greater scale of the merged Group, will provide a strong foundation for selective inorganic growth in the future.

#### **Summary and Outlook**

The headline EBITDA going forward will see improvement via the recently announced initiatives to make significant cost reductions to target a cashflow neutral position. In addition, a closer focus on customer retention and new sales outcomes aims to stabilise and improve revenue outcomes.

The Group will continue its transition towards SaaS and subscription sales as it focuses on driving organic growth through renewal, retention, upsell and cross sell. Management is very focussed in the medium-term financial trajectory, with sales expected to stabilise from the full-year contribution of FY25 customer wins, growing adoption of emite's iPaaS solution, and expanded distribution of Snare through strategic partners.

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# **Directors' Report**

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

The directors present their report, together with the financial statements of the Group, being Prophecy International Holdings Limited and Controlled Entities (the Company) and its controlled entities, for the financial year ended 30 June 2025.

#### **General information** 1.

#### Information on directors

The names, qualifications, experience and special responsibilities of each person who has been a director during the year and to the date of this report are:

#### **Ed Reynolds**

#### Chair and Acting Chief Executive Officer

Qualifications Bachelor of Science

Experience Ed was appointed Non-executive Chairman on 8 December 2006. He

has held various positions within the IT industry, which has given him

wide-ranging and extensive

experience.

Ed joined Prophecy as general manager in 1987 and contributed to

the company in various roles, including CEO.

On 19 September 2025 Ed was appointed Acting CEO.

7,830,000 ordinary shares in Prophecy International Holdings Limited Interest in shares and options

and no options

Special responsibilities Chairman of the Board of Directors

None

Chair of the Strategy Committee Member of the Remuneration Committee

Member of the Audit Committee

Other current directorships in

listed entities now and in the

previous 3 years

#### **Grant R Miles Non-Executive Director**

Qualifications Bachelor of Arts in Accountancy Chartered Accountant – Fellow (FCA) Experience

Grant is the Managing Partner of Moore Australia SA/NT Pty Ltd Grant was appointed Company Secretary of Prophecy in May 2013 and a Director in May 2015. Grant has over 30 years' experience in Finance and Accounting matters and provides the Prophecy Board

with strong skills in this area.

150,000 ordinary shares in Prophecy International Holdings Limited Interest in shares and options

and no options

Finance Director Special responsibilities

Chair of the Audit Committee

Chair of the Remuneration Committee

Other current directorships in listed entities now and in the

previous 3 years

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# **Directors' Report**

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### General information continued

#### Information on directors continued

#### **Leanne Challans**

#### **Independent Non-executive Director**

Qualifications

Experience

Bachelor of Science

Leanne joined Prophecy in 1990, with a strong background in software design and development. Her initial role was Product Development Manager for the flagship Prophecy Classic product.

The growing partner network for classic opened up new

opportunities, so Leanne took on responsibility for Partner Support

and Marketing through the mid 1990's.

Leanne returned to her strengths in software development in 2000, heading up the successful Emergency Services Levy project, and then managing the development and support of the

e-Foundation product

She then moved into the role of General Manager, Software & Services, with responsibility for the ongoing development, support and consulting services relating to all of Prophecy International's product lines. Leanne joined the Board of Directors in December 2006, and was appointed Managing Director in July 2007. The acquisition of Intersect Alliance International in August 2011 saw Leanne take on responsibility for the inclusion of this new company into the Prophecy culture, with a focus on growth in this important new part of the group.

Interest in shares and options

774,880 ordinary shares in Prophecy International Holdings

Limited and no options

Special responsibilities

Other current directorships in listed entities now and in the

previous 3 years

Member of the Audit Committee

None

#### Matthew Michalewicz (resigned 12 September 2025) **Independent Non-executive Director**

Qualifications Bachelor of Science

Experience

Matthew is an international expert in entrepreneurship, innovation, and success psychology. He has a 20-year track record of starting, growing, and exiting high growth businesses in the United States and Australia. His last venture. SolveIT Software, grew to become Australia's 3rd fastest growing company before being acquired by Schneider Electric in 2012. In addition to being the author of several books - including Life in Half a Second, Winning Credibility, Adaptive Business Intelligence, and Puzzle-based Learning -Matthew is also a Visiting Fellow at the University of Adelaide where he lectures on the subject of technology commercialisation, and a Limited Partner in Blackbird Ventures, an Australian early-stage

venture capital fund.

Interest in shares and options 100,000 ordinary shares in Prophecy International Holdings Limited

and no options

Special responsibilities Other current directorships in

listed entities now and in the

previous 3 years

Member of the Strategy Committee

None

Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

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# **Directors' Report**

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 1. General information continued

#### Principal activities and significant changes in nature of activities

The principal activities of the Group during the financial year were the design, development and marketing of computer software applications and services aimed at the worldwide corporate marketplace.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the financial year.

#### 2. Operating results and review of operations for the year

#### Operating results

The consolidated loss after tax of the Group amounted to \$6,476,942 which represents a 53% increase on the loss reported for the year ended 30 June 2024 (2024 - \$4,229,363).

#### **Review of operations**

A review of the operations of the Group during the financial year and the results of those operations is set out in the section headed "Review of Operations" in this report.

#### 3. Other items

#### Significant changes in state of affairs

No significant changes.

#### Dividends paid or recommended

No dividend has been paid or declared during the financial year.

#### Events after the end of the reporting period

Aside from the Group's announcement of the proposed merger with Complexica Pty Ltd, the issue of 4,000 performance rights to employees, and the resignation of Brad Thomas as CEO, no matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or could significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

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# **Directors' Report**

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 3. Other items continued

#### Future developments and results

Comments on the Company's future direction are included in the "Letter from the CEO".

#### **Environmental issues**

The Group's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulations under a law of the Commonwealth or of a state or territory of Australia.

#### **Company secretary**

The following person held the position of Company Secretary at the end of the financial year:

Grant R Miles has been the Company Secretary since 21 March 2013. Grant R Miles is the Managing Partner of Moore Australia (SA) Pty Ltd.

#### Meetings of directors

During the financial year, 26 meetings of directors (including committees of directors) were held. Attendances by each director during the year were as follows:

	Directors' Meetings		Alidit Committee		Remunera Committee		Strategy Committee	
	Number		Number		Number		Number	
	eligible to	Number	eligible to	Number	eligible to	Number	eligible to	Number
	attend	attended	attend	attended	attend	attended	attend	attended
Ed Reynolds	12	12	2	2	12	12	-	-
Leanne R Challans	12	12	2	2	12	12	-	-
Matthew T Michalewicz	12	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grant R Miles	12	11	2	2	12	11	_	_

#### Unissued shares under option

There are no unissued ordinary shares of Prophecy International Holdings Limited under option at the date of this report.

#### Shares issued during or since the end of the year as a result of exercise of performance rights

There were no shares issued during or since the end of the year as a result of exercise of performance rights.

#### Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors

In the financial year, the company has paid premiums of \$129,857 in respect of a contract of insurance for all the Directors and Officers of Prophecy International Holdings Limited and its controlled entities against any liability incurred in their roles as Directors or Officers of the company or its controlled entities, except where:

- the liability arises out of conduct involving a wilful breach of duty; or
- there has been a contravention of Section 199C of the Corporations Act 2001.

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# **Directors' Report**

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 3. Other items continued

#### Non-audit services

The Board of Directors, in accordance with advice from the audit committee, is satisfied that the provision of non-audit services during the year is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act 2001*. The directors are satisfied that the services disclosed below did not compromise the external auditor's independence for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services are reviewed and approved by the audit committee prior to commencement to ensure they
  do not adversely affect the integrity and objectivity of the auditor; and
- the nature of the services provided do not compromise the general principles relating to auditor independence in accordance with APES 110: Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants set by the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board.

The following fees were paid or payable to the external auditors for non-audit services provided during the year ended 30 June 2025:

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Taxation services	-	45,500
Non assurance services	77.250	66.950

#### Remuneration report (audited)

#### Remuneration policy

The remuneration policy of Prophecy International Holdings Limited and Controlled Entities has been designed to align key management personnel (KMP) objectives with shareholder and business objectives by providing a fixed remuneration component and offering specific long-term incentives based on key performance areas affecting the Group's financial results. The Board of Prophecy International Holdings Limited and Controlled Entities believes the remuneration policy to be appropriate and effective in its ability to attract and retain the best key management personnel to run and manage the Group, as well as create goal congruence between directors, executives and shareholders.

The Board's policy for determining the nature and amount of remuneration for key management personnel of the Group is as follows:

- The remuneration policy, setting the terms and conditions for the directors and other key management personnel, was developed by the Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board.
- All executives receive a base salary (which is based on factors such as responsibilities and experience), superannuation, fringe benefits, options and performance incentives. The Remuneration Committee reviews executive packages annually by reference to the consolidated entity's performance, executive performance and comparable information from industry sectors and other listed companies in similar industries.
- The performance of executives is measured against criteria agreed annually with each executive and is based predominantly on the forecast growth of the consolidated entity's profits and shareholders' value.
- All bonuses and incentives must be linked to predetermined performance criteria. The board may, however, exercise its discretion in relation to approving incentives, bonuses and options, and can recommend changes to the committee's recommendations. Any changes must be justified by reference to measurable performance criteria. The policy is designed to attract the highest calibre of executives and reward them for performance that results in long-term growth in shareholder wealth.

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# **Directors' Report**

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 3. Other items continued

#### Remuneration report (audited) continued

- Executives are also entitled to participate in the employee share and option arrangements.
- The non-executive directors receive superannuation contributions but do not receive any other retirement benefits. Australian based executives receive both superannuation contributions and long service leave benefits.
- All remuneration paid to directors and executives is valued at the cost to the company and expensed. Shares issued to directors and executives are valued as the difference between the market price of those shares and the amount paid by the director or executive. Options are valued using a Black-Scholes methodology.

The Board's policy is to remunerate non-executive directors at market rates for time, commitment and responsibilities. The Remuneration Committee determines payments to the non-executive directors and reviews their remuneration annually, based on market practice, duties and accountability. The maximum aggregate amount of fees that can be paid to non-executive directors is subject to approval by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. Fees for non-executive directors are not linked to performance of the consolidated entity. However, to align directors' interests with shareholder interests, the directors are encouraged to hold shares in the company and are able to participate in the company option plans.

As approved by the shareholders at the 2015 Annual General Meeting, the maximum amounts payable to directors is \$400,000.

Key management personnel receive a superannuation guarantee contribution required by the law, which is currently 12.0%, and do not receive any other retirement benefits. Some individuals, however, have chosen to sacrifice part of their salary to increase payments towards superannuation.

#### **Key Management Personnel**

Key management personnel are as follows:

#### **Directors**

Edwin Reynolds Non-executive Chairman
Leanne R Challans Non-executive Director
Matthew T Michalewicz (Resigned 12 September Non-executive Director

2025)

Grant R Miles Non-executive Director

#### **Executives (other key management personnel)**

Brad Thomas (Resigned 12 September 2025)

Stuart Geros

Steve Challans

CISO – Prophecy Group

CISO – Prophecy Group

CISO – Prophecy Group

Chief Operations Officer

Suzanne Laycock Group Chief Human Resource Officer

There have been no changes to Key Management Personnel after the reporting date and before the date the financial accounts were authorised for issue.

#### Relationship between remuneration policy and company performance

As part of each executive's remuneration package there is a performance-based component, consisting of key performance indicators (KPIs). The intention of this program is to facilitate goal congruence between directors/executives with that of the business and shareholders. The KPIs are set annually, with a certain level of consultation with key management personnel to ensure buy-in. The measures are specifically tailored to the area each individual is involved in and has a level of control over, and are mainly related to increases in profit and revenue. The KPIs target areas the Board believes hold greater potential for Group expansion and profit, covering financial short-term goals. The level set for each KPI is based on budgeted figures for the Group.

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# **Directors' Report**

# For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 3. Other items continued

#### Remuneration report (audited) continued

#### Relationship between remuneration policy and company performance continued

Performance in relation to the KPIs is assessed annually, with bonuses being awarded depending on the level of achievement against KPIs. Following the assessment, the KPIs are reviewed by the Remuneration Committee in light of the desired and actual outcomes, and their efficiency is assessed in relation to the Group's goals and shareholder wealth, before the KPIs are set for the following year.

The satisfaction of the performance conditions are based on a review of the audited financial statements of the Group, as such figures reduce any risk of contention relating to payment eligibility.

The following table shows the gross revenue, profits and dividends (as restated) for the last five years for the Company, as well as the share prices at the end of the respective financial years.

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenue and other income	21,923,816	23,192,453	19,688,156	16,432,228	13,320,572
Profit/(Loss) attributable to members after tax	(6,476,942)	(4,229,363)	(2,478,617)	(1,669,515)	(1,949,997)
Share price at year-end	0.43	0.87	0.52	0.81	0.55
Dividends paid (cents)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

#### Performance conditions linked to remuneration

The remuneration policy has been tailored to increase goal congruence between shareholders, directors and executives. Two methods have been applied to achieve this aim, the first being a performance-based bonus based on key performance indicators, and the second being the issue of options to directors and executives to encourage the alignment of personal and shareholder interests.

The Company believes that the factors affecting shareholder wealth are linked to the company's trading conditions. The company experienced difficult trading conditions last year due to the global economic crisis.

The board feels that the company has consolidated the move towards increasing shareholder wealth, and that the executive and director remuneration policies in place will help facilitate achievement of this goal.

# Employment details of members of key management personnel

The following table provides employment details of persons who were, during the financial year, members of key management personnel of the Group. The table also illustrates the proportion of remuneration that was performance based and if any, the proportion of remuneration received in the form of options/rights. The company uses bonus schemes to reward senior executives for the achievement of individually set targets and milestones.

# Performance based remuneration

		Bonus	Shares	Options / rights
		%	%	%
KMP				
Brad Thomas (resigned 12 September 2025)	CEO – Prophecy Group	31%	-	-
Stuart Geros	CINO – Prophecy Group	46%	-	=
Steve Challans	CISO – Prophecy Group	-	-	-
Stephen Irecki	Chief Operations Officer	13%	-	1%
Suzanne Laycock	Group Chief Human Resource Officer			3%

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# **Directors' Report**

# For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 3. Other items continued

#### Remuneration report (audited) continued

#### **Service Agreements**

On appointment to the Board, all non-executive directors enter into a service agreement with the Company in the form of a letter of appointment. The letter summarises the Board policies and terms, including compensation, relevant to the office of director.

The remuneration and other terms of employment for the Chief Executive Officer and key management personnel are set out in formal service agreements as summarised below:

- All service agreements are for an unlimited duration. The agreements for executives may be terminated by giving four weeks' notice (except in cases of termination for cause where termination is immediate).
- In cases of resignation, no separation payment is made to the executive, except for amounts due and payable
  up to the date of ceasing employment, including accrued leave entitlements.

#### **Remuneration Consultants**

There have been no remuneration consultants used in the year.

#### Remuneration details for the year ended 30 June 2025

The following table of benefits and payment details, in respect to the financial year, these components of remuneration for each member of the key management personnel of the Group.

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# **Directors' Report**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

## 3. Other items continued

Remuneration report (audited) continued

Remuneration details for the year ended 30 June 2025 continued

Table of benefits and payments

Director and other Key Management Personnel					Shor	t-term employee benefits	Post-employment benefits	Long-term benefits	Share-based payments		
Directors	Year	Cash salary Fees \$	Cash bonus \$	Consulting fees \$	Non-monetary benefits \$	Health care & Allowances	Superannuation \$	Long Service Leave \$	Shares \$	Total \$	Performance based on % of remuneration
Ed Reynolds	2025	39,000	-	67,996	-	-	4,485	-	-	111,481	-
	2024	39,000	-	67,646	-	-	4,290	-	-	110,936	-
Leanne Challans	2025	70,000	-	105,560	-	-	20,189	-	-	195,749	-
	2024	70,000	-	41,650	-	-	12,282	-	-	123,932	-
Matthew Michalewicz	2025	70,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70,000	-
	2024	70,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70,000	-
Grant R Miles	2025	70,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70,000	-
	2024	70,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70,000	-
KMP											
Brad Thomas	2025	341,005	180,000	-	12,606	-	29,932	13,488	-	577,031	31%
	2024	330,000	-	-	261	-	27,399	8,386	99,750	465,796	21%
Stuart Geros	2025	354,513	287,055	-	(57,074)	-	29,932	8,154	-	622,580	46%
	2024	295,000	233,320	-	1,714	-	27,399	(2,064)	-	555,369	42%
Steve Challans	2025	215,501	-	-	3,276	-	24,783	6,660	-	250,220	-
	2024	215,501	-	-	7,123	-	23,705	6,621	-	252,950	-
Stephen Irecki	2025	292,154	49,592	-	(561)	-	14,608	11,741	4,296	371,830	14%
	2024	267,840	39,169	-	(2,197)	-	13,392	7,822	10,505	336,531	15%
Suzanne Laycock	2025	196,525	-	-	22,110	-	22,600	5,094	8,437	254,766	3%
(KMP from 1 July 2024)											
2025 Total	2025	1,648,698	516,647	173,556	(19,643)	-	146,529	45,137	12,733	2,523,657	
2024 Total	2024	1,357,341	272,489	109,296	6,901	-	108,467	20,765	110,255	1,985,514	

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# **Directors' Report**

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 3. Other items continued

#### Remuneration report (audited) continued

#### Remuneration details for the year ended 30 June 2025 continued

The remuneration detailed above for Ed Reynolds includes director's fees of \$39,000 and consulting fees of \$67,996 (2024 – director's fees \$39,000 and consulting fees \$67,646) of which \$67,996 was paid to Reyer Investments Pty Limited, a company in which Ed Reynolds is a director and shareholder.

Grant R Miles director's fees of \$70,000 were paid to Moore Australia (SA) Pty Ltd (\$60,000) and Rickaby Holdings Pty Ltd (\$10,000) both companies directed by Grant R Miles.

The short term cash bonus for Brad Thomas relates to sales and revenue linked performance for the year ended 30 June 2024.

Short term cash bonuses for Stuart Geros and Stephen Irecki relate to commission payments on licence fee revenue from sales of products to customers, in accordance with an incentive plan approved on 1st January 2015. The purpose of the incentive is to increase licence fee revenues and so improve shareholder wealth.

#### Securities received that are not performance related

During the 2023 year, Mr S Irecki received 35,000 performance rights with a total fair value of \$30,800. The performance rights vesting condition is a three year service period. \$4,296 has been recognised as remuneration in the current year.

During the 2023 year, Ms S Laycock received 6,000 performance rights with a total fair value of \$5,520. The performance rights vesting condition is a three year service period. During the 2025 year, Ms S Laycock received 14,000 performance rights which were issued on the grant date. \$8,437 has been recognised as remuneration in the current year.

No other members of key management personnel received any securities during this year or the prior year as remuneration.

#### Voting and comments made at the Company's last Annual General Meeting

Prophecy International Holdings Limited received more than 89% of 'yes' votes on its Remuneration Report for the financial year ending 30 June 2024. The company received no specific feedback on its Remuneration Report at the Annual General Meeting.

# Key management personnel options and rights holdings

As noted above, Mr S Irecki held 35,000 performance rights of which 20,000 were issued during the year.

As noted above, Ms S Laycock holds 20,000 performance rights of which 20,000 were issued during the year.

There are currently no other options or rights held by any Directors or key management personnel.

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# **Directors' Report**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 3. Other items continued

#### Remuneration report (audited) continued

#### Key management personnel shareholdings

The number of ordinary shares in Prophecy International Holdings Limited and Controlled Entities held by each key management person of the Group during the financial year is as follows:

30 June 2025	Balance at beginning of year	Granted as Remuneration	Acquisitions	Disposals	Other Balance at Changes end of year
Ed Reynolds	7,830,000	-	_	_	- 7,830,000
*Leanne R Challans	774,880	-	-	_	- 774,880
Matthew T Michalewicz	100,000	-	-	-	- 100,000
Grant R Miles	150,000	-	-	-	- 150,000
Other KMP					
Brad Thomas	86,681	75,000	-	-	- 161,681
Stuart Geros	1,657,548	-	-	-	- 1,657,548
*Steve Challans	774,880	-	-	-	- 774,880
Stephen Irecki	69,000	20,000	-	_	- 89,000
Suzanne Laycock		20,000	-		- 20,000
	11,442,989	115,000	-	-	- 11,557,989

<sup>\*</sup>Shares jointly held by Leanne R Challans and Steve Challans.

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions unless otherwise stated.

The following transactions occurred with related parties:

Moore Australia (SA) Pty Ltd, a company directed by Grant Miles, provided Accounting services to the Group of \$146,277 (2024: \$26,400).

# **End of Remuneration Report**

#### **Proceedings on Behalf of Company**

No person has applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the company or intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or any part of those proceedings. The company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

ABN: 16 079 971 618

# **Directors' Report**

# For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

The auditor's independence declaration in accordance with section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*, for the year ended 30 June 2025 has been received and can be found on page 21 of the financial report.

This director's report, incorporating the remuneration report, is signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Ed Reynolds Chairman

Dated this 29th day of September, 2025

Grant Miles **Director** 



Grant Thornton Audit Pty Ltd Grant Thornton House Level 3 170 Frome Street Adelaide SA 5000 GPO Box 1270 Adelaide SA 5001 T +61 8 8372 6666

# Auditor's Independence Declaration

# To the Directors of Prophecy International Holdings Limited

In accordance with the requirements of section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*, as lead auditor for the audit of Prophecy International Holdings Limited for the year ended 30 June 2025, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been, other than the paragraph discussed below:

- a no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- b no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

I also declare that during the current year end, Grant Thornton's quality control systems identified a contravention of the auditor's rotation requirements, which has been rectified. The previous review auditor for Prophecy International Holdings Limited had participated in the review for the half year ended 31 December 2024 and was not eligible to do so.

Accordingly, I consider this matter has not compromised my or Grant Thornton's objectivity with respect to the audit of the financial statements of Prophecy International Holdings Limited for the year ended 30 June 2025.

GRANT THORNTON AUDIT PTY LTD

**Chartered Accountants** 

IS Kemp \*

Partner - Audit & Assurance

Adelaide, 29 September 2025

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# **Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

		2025	2024
	Note	\$	\$
Revenue from continuing operations	2	21,752,444	22,872,208
Other income		171,372	320,245
Employee benefits expense	3	(15,953,307)	(15,676,202)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	3	(1,280,075)	(1,387,768)
Other expenses	3	(10,839,843)	(10,669,495)
Finance costs	-	(42,901)	(63,175)
Loss before income tax Income tax benefit/(expense)	4	(6,192,310)	(4,604,187)
income tax benefit/(expense)	4 -	(284,632)	374,824
Loss for the year	=	(6,476,942)	(4,229,363)
Other comprehensive income/(loss), net of income tax			
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss when specific conditions are met			
Exchange differences on translating foreign controlled entities		(330,490)	137,945
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year, net of tax	-	(330,490)	137,945
Total comprehensive loss for the year	<u>-</u>	(6,807,432)	(4,091,418)
Loss attributable to:	-		
Members of the parent entity		(6,487,759)	(4,240,324)
Non-controlling interest	_	10,817	10,961
	:=	(6,476,942)	(4,229,363)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to:			
Members of the parent entity		(6,818,249)	(4,102,379)
Non-controlling interest	-	10,817	10,961
	=	(6,807,432)	(4,091,418)
Losses per share From continuing operations:		(0.65)	(5 - 5)
Basic loss per share (cents)	8	(8.80)	(5.76)
Diluted loss per share (cents)	8	(8.80)	(5.76)

# **Prophecy International Holdings Limited and Controlled Entities** ABN: 16 079 971 618

# **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position** As At 30 June 2025

	Note	2025 \$	2024 \$
	Note	Þ	ð
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS	0	4 000 000	44 740 005
Cash and cash equivalents	9	4,930,602	11,710,885
Financial assets Trade and other receivables	10	102,544 2,823,558	102,644
Contract assets	10	639,932	2,938,982 194,081
Current tax receivable		16,958	25,382
Other assets	11	2,169,403	2,449,077
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	11		
		10,682,997	17,421,051
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Trade and other receivables	10	8,592	8,496
Other assets	11	683,855	869,613
Property, plant and equipment	40	140,078	189,697
Intangible assets	13	5,163,524	5,240,532
Right to use assets	14	454,438	819,196
Deferred tax assets	23		283,467
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		6,450,487	7,411,001
TOTAL ASSETS		17,133,484	24,832,052
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	15	2,574,468	2,479,311
Contract liabilities - Deferred revenue	16	8,613,765	8,868,199
Employee benefits	17	1,841,189	1,857,721
Lease liabilities	14	173,993	390,228
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		13,203,415	13,595,459
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		10,200,410	10,090,409
Employee benefits	17	119,306	125,585
Lease liabilities	14	320,031	494,024
Contract liabilities - Deferred revenue	16	2,178,655	2,514,928
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,617,992	3,134,537
		15,821,407	16,729,996
NET ASSETS		1,312,077	8,102,056
EQUITY			
Issued capital	18	35,963,440	35,822,379
Reserves		(703,925)	(249,827)
Accumulated losses		(33,784,444)	(27,296,685)
Total equity attributable to equity holders of the Company		1,475,071	8,275,867
Non-controlling interest		(162,994)	(173,811)
TOTAL EQUITY			
		1,312,077	8,102,056

ABN: 16 079 971 618

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

2025

	Issued Capital	Accumulated Losses	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Option Reserve	Non- controlling Interests	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2024	35,822,379	(27,296,685)	(494,319)	244,492	(173,811)	8,102,056
Loss attributable to members of the parent entity	-	(6,487,759)	-	-	-	(6,487,759)
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	10,817	10,817
Foreign currency translation movement for the year		-	(330,490)	-	-	(330,490)
Total comprehensive income	-	(6,487,759)	(330,490)	-	10,817	(6,807,432)
Transactions with shareholders in their capacity as shareholders						
Share based payment transactions at fair value	-	-	-	17,453	-	17,453
Shares issued on the exercise of performance rights	141,061	-	-	(141,061)	-	<u>-</u>
Balance at 30 June 2025	35,963,440	(33,784,444)	(824,809)	120,884	(162,994)	1,312,077

2024

	Issued Capital	Accumulated Losses	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Option Reserve	Non- controlling Interests	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2023	35,809,479	(23,056,361)	(632,264)	166,774	(184,772)	12,102,856
Loss attributable to members of the parent entity	-	(4,240,324)	-	-	-	(4,240,324)
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	10,961	10,961
Foreign currency translation movement for the year	-	-	137,945	-	-	137,945
Total comprehensive income	-	(4,240,324)	137,945	-	10,961	(4,091,418)
Transactions with shareholders in their capacity as shareholders						
Share based payment transactions at fair value	-	-	-	115,300	-	115,300
Transfer of forfeiture options/performance rights to profit or loss	-	-	-	(24,682)	-	(24,682)
Shares issued on the exercise of performance rights	12,900	-	-	(12,900)	-	_
Balance at 30 June 2024	35,822,379	(27,296,685)	(494,319)	244,492	(173,811)	8,102,056

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# **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

# For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

		2025	2024
	Note	\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Receipts from customers		20,837,813	24,886,903
Payments to suppliers and employees		(26,571,257)	(25,550,475)
Interest received		171,372	318,780
Income taxes (paid)/refunded		(1,549)	574,187
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	22	(5,563,621)	229,395
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Proceeds from sale of plant and equipment		293	4,487
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(59,678)	(44,055)
Payments for capitalised development costs		(726,000)	-
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(785,385)	(39,568)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Payment of lease liabilities	-	(457,130)	(260,392)
Net cash used in financing activities	_	(457,130)	(260,392)
Effects of foreign exchange rates on overseas cash holdings		25,853	45,565
	-	•	(25,000)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents held  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		(6,780,283) 11,710,885	11,735,885
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning or year  Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	-		
Cash and Cash equivalents at end of illiancial year	9 =	4,930,602	11,710,885

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# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

This financial report covers the consolidated financial statements and notes of Prophecy International Holdings Limited and Controlled Entities (the 'Group'). Prophecy International Holdings Limited and Controlled Entities is a for profit company domiciled in Australia.

Each of the entities within the Group prepare their financial statements based on the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (functional currency). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars which is the parent entity's functional and presentation currency.

The principal activities of the Group during the financial year were the design, development and marketing of computer software applications and services aimed at the worldwide corporate marketplace.

#### 1 Summary of Material Accounting Policies

#### (a) Basis of Preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

These financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. They have been prepared under the assumption that the Group operates on a going concern basis.

The significant accounting policies used in the preparation and presentation of these financial statements are provided below and are consistent with prior reporting periods unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements are based on historical costs.

#### (b) Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial position and performance of controlled entities from the date on which control is obtained until the date that control is lost.

Intragroup assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cashflows relating to transactions between entities in the consolidated entity have been eliminated in full for the purpose of these financial statements.

Appropriate adjustments have been made to a controlled entity's financial position, performance and cash flows where the accounting policies used by that entity were different from those adopted by the consolidated entity. All controlled entities have a June financial year end.

A list of controlled entities is contained in Note 12 to the financial statements.

#### Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the parent has control. Control is established when the parent is exposed to, or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

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# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 1 Summary of Material Accounting Policies continued

#### (c) Income Tax

The tax expense recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income comprises of current income tax expense plus deferred tax expense.

Current tax is the amount of income taxes payable (recoverable) in respect of the taxable profit (loss) for the year and is measured at the amount expected to be paid to (recovered from) the taxation authorities, using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Current tax liabilities (assets) are measured at the amounts expected to be paid to (recovered from) the relevant taxation authority.

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences which are determined by comparing the carrying amounts of tax bases of assets and liabilities to the carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements.

Deferred tax is not provided for the following:

- The initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss).
- Taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.
- Temporary differences related to investment in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities to
  the extent that the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it
  is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and losses can be utilised.

Current and deferred tax is recognised as income or an expense and included in profit or loss for the period except where the tax arises from a transaction which is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity, in which case the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity respectively.

The Company and its wholly-owned Australian controlled entities have formed a tax-consolidated group under the legislation and as a consequence these entities are taxed as a single entity.

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# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 1 Summary of Material Accounting Policies continued

#### (d) Financial Instruments

#### Recognition and derecognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards are transferred. A financial liability is derecognised when it is extinguished, discharged, cancelled or expires.

#### Classification and initial measurement of financial assets

Except for those trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component and are measured at the transaction price in accordance with AASB15, all financial assets are initially measured at fair value adjusted for transaction costs (where applicable).

Financial assets, other than those designated and effective as hedging instruments, are classified into the following categories:

- amortised cost
- fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

In the periods presented the corporation does not have any financial assets categorised as FVTPL and FVOCI.

The classification is determined by both:

- the entity's business model for managing the financial asset
- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.value

All income and expenses relating to financial assets that are recognised in profit or loss are presented within finance costs, finance income or other financial items, except for impairment of trade receivables which is presented within other expenses.

#### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are measured at amortised cost if the assets meet the following conditions (and are not designated as FVTPL):

- they are held within a business model whose objective is to hold the financial assets and collect its contractual cash flows
- the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding

After initial recognition, these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Discounting is omitted where the effect of discounting is immaterial. The Group's cash and cash equivalents, trade and most other receivables fall into this category of financial instruments.

#### Impairment of financial assets

AASB 9's impairment requirements use more forward-looking information to recognise expected credit losses – the 'expected credit loss (ECL) model'.

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# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 1 Summary of Material Accounting Policies continued

#### (d) Financial Instruments continued

Recognition of credit losses is no longer dependent on the Group first identifying a credit loss event. Instead the Group considers a broader range of information when assessing credit risk and measuring expected credit losses, including past events, current conditions, reasonable and supportable forecasts that affect the expected collectability of the future cash flows of the instrument.

In applying this forward-looking approach, a distinction is made between:

- financial instruments that have not deteriorated significantly in credit quality since initial recognition or that have low credit risk ('Stage 1') and
- financial instruments that have deteriorated significantly in credit quality since initial recognition and whose credit risk is not low ('Stage 2').
- 'Stage 3' would cover financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date.

'12-month expected credit losses' are recognised for the first category while 'lifetime expected credit losses' are recognised for the second category. Measurement of the expected credit losses is determined by a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses over the expected life of the financial instrument.

#### Trade and other receivables

The Group makes use of a simplified approach in accounting for trade and other receivables and records the loss allowance as lifetime expected credit losses. These are the expected shortfalls in contractual cash flows, considering the potential for default at any point during the life of the financial instrument. In calculating, the Group uses its historical experience, external indicators and forward-looking information to calculate the expected credit losses using a provision matrix. The Group assess impairment of trade receivables on a collective basis as they possess shared credit risk characteristics they have been grouped based on the days past due.

#### Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables and lease liabilities. Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, and, where applicable, adjusted for transaction costs unless the Group designated a financial liability at fair value through profit or loss. Subsequently, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method except for derivatives and financial liabilities designated at FVTPL, which are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognised in profit or loss (other than derivative financial instruments that are designated and effective as hedging instruments).

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# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

# For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 1 Summary of Material Accounting Policies continued

#### (e) Impairment of Non-financial Assets

Where this indicator exists and regardless for goodwill, indefinite life intangible assets and intangible assets not yet available for use, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated.

Where assets do not operate independently of other assets, the recoverable amount of the relevant cash-generating unit (CGU) is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the higher of the fair value less costs of disposal and the value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from an asset or cash-generating unit.

Where the recoverable amount is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Reversal indicators are considered in subsequent periods for all assets which have suffered an impairment loss, except for goodwill.

#### (f) Intangible Assets

#### Goodwill

Goodwill is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is calculated as the excess of the sum of:

- i) the consideration transferred;
- ii) any non-controlling interest; and
- iii) the acquisition date fair value of any previously held equity interest;

over the acquisition date fair value of net identifiable assets acquired in a business combination.

The value of goodwill recognised on acquisition of each subsidiary in which the Group holds less than a 100% interest will depend on the method adopted in measuring the aforementioned non-controlling interest. The Group can elect to measure the non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value ('full goodwill method') or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the subsidiary's identifiable net assets ('proportionate interest method'). The Group determines which method to adopt for each acquisition.

Under the 'full goodwill method', the fair values of the non-controlling interests are determined using valuation techniques which make the maximum use of market information where available.

#### Patents and trademarks

Patents and trademarks are recognised at cost of acquisition. Patents and trademarks have a finite life and are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses. Patents and trademarks are amortised over their useful life which is estimated to be 7 years or 15 years, depending on the product.

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# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 1 Summary of Material Accounting Policies continued

#### (f) Intangible Assets continued

#### Research and development

Expenditure during the research phase of a project is recognised as an expense when incurred. Development costs are capitalised only when technical feasibility studies identify that the project will deliver future economic benefits and these benefits can be measured reliably.

The expenditure capitalised includes the cost of materials, direct labour and overhead costs that are directly attributable to preparing the asset for its intended use, and capitalised borrowing costs. Other development expenditure is recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Capitalised development costs are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Development costs have a finite life and are amortised on a systematic basis matched to the future economic benefits over the useful life of the projects which are between 5 years.

#### **Impairment**

For impairment assessment purposes, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are largely independent cash inflows (cash-generating units). As a result, some assets are tested individually for impairment and some are tested at cash-generating unit level. Goodwill is allocated to those cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from synergies of the related business combination and represent the lowest level within the Group at which management monitors goodwill.

Cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated (determined by the Group's management as equivalent to its operating segments) are tested for impairment at least annually. All other individual assets or cash-generating units are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's or cash-generating unit's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value-in-use. To determine the value-in-use, management estimates expected future cash flows from each cash-generating unit and determines a suitable interest rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The data used for impairment testing procedures are directly linked to the Group's latest approved budget, adjusted as necessary to exclude the effects of future reorganisations and asset enhancements. Discount factors are determined individually for each cash-generating unit and reflect management's assessment of respective risk profiles, such as market and asset-specific risk factors.

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# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 1 Summary of Material Accounting Policies continued

#### (g) Foreign Currency Transactions and Balances

#### **Functional and presentation currency**

The functional currency of each of the Group's entities is measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which that entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars which is the parent entity's functional and presentation currency.

#### Transaction and balances

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the spot rate on the date of the transaction.

At the end of the reporting period:

- Foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate;
- Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction; and
- Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value are translated using the rate at the date when fair value was determined.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at rates different from those at which they were translated on initial recognition or in prior reporting periods are recognised through profit or loss, except where they relate to an item of other comprehensive income or whether they are deferred in equity as qualifying hedges.

#### **Group companies**

The financial results and position of foreign operations whose functional currency is different from the Group's presentation currency are translated as follows:

- assets and liabilities are translated at year-end exchange rates prevailing at that reporting date;
- income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the period where the average rate
  approximates the rate at the date of the transaction; and
- retained earnings are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations are transferred directly to the Group's foreign currency translation reserve in the consolidated statement of financial position. These differences are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the period in which the operation is disposed.

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# Notes to the Financial Statements

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 1 Summary of Material Accounting Policies continued

#### (h) Employee Benefits

Provision is made for the Group's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to the end of the reporting period. Employee benefits that are expected to be wholly settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled.

Employee benefits expected to be settled more than one year after the end of the reporting period have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. In determining the liability, consideration is given to employee wage increases and the probability that the employee may satisfy vesting requirements. Cashflows are discounted using market yields on high quality corporate bond rates incorporating bonds rated AAA or AA by credit agencies, with terms to maturity that match the expected timing of cashflows. Changes in the measurement of the liability are recognised in profit or loss.

#### **Defined contribution schemes**

All employees of the Group other than those that receive defined benefit entitlements receive defined contribution superannuation entitlements, for which the Group pays the fixed superannuation guarantee contribution (currently 10.5% of the employee's average ordinary salary) to the employee's superannuation fund of choice. All contributions in respect of employees' defined contribution entitlements are recognised as an expense when they become payable. The Group's obligation with respect to employees' defined contribution entitlements is limited to its obligation for any unpaid superannuation guarantee contributions at the end of the reporting period. All obligations for unpaid superannuation guarantee contributions are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled and are presented as current liabilities in the Group's statement of financial position.

#### **Termination benefits**

When applicable, the Group recognises a liability and expense for termination benefits at the earlier of: (a) the date when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer for termination benefits; and (b) when the Group recognises costs for restructuring pursuant to AASB 137: Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets and the costs include termination benefits. In either case, unless the number of employees affected is known, the obligation for termination benefits is measured on the basis of the number of employees expected to be affected. Termination benefits that are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the annual reporting period in which the benefits are recognised are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid. All other termination benefits are accounted for on the same basis as other long-term employee benefits.

#### (i) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the outflow required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period

#### (j) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

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# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 1 Summary of Material Accounting Policies continued

#### (k) Leases

The right-of-use asset is measured using the cost model, depreciated over the lease term on a straight-line basis and assessed for impairment in accordance with the impairment of assets accounting policy.

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a lease exists - i.e. does the contract convey the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

This involves an assessment of whether:

- The contract involves the use of an identified asset this may be explicitly or implicitly identified within the agreement. If the supplier has a substantive substitution right then there is no identified asset.
- The Group has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of the asset throughout the period of use.
- The Group has the right to direct the use of the asset i.e. decision making rights in relation to changing how and for what purpose the asset is used.

At the lease commencement, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and associated lease liability for the lease term. The lease term includes extension periods where the Group believes it is reasonably certain that the option will be exercised.

The right-of-use asset is measured using the cost model where cost on initial recognition comprises of the lease liability, initial direct costs, prepaid lease payments, estimated cost of removal and restoration less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the lease term on a straight line basis and assessed for impairment in accordance with the impairment of assets accounting policy.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement of the lease. The discount rate is the rate implicit in the lease, however where this cannot be readily determined then the Group's incremental borrowing rate is used.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The lease liability is remeasured whether there is a lease modification, change in estimate of the lease term or index upon which the lease payments are based (e.g. CPI) or a change in the Group's assessment of lease term.

Where the lease liability is remeasured, the right-of-use asset is adjusted to reflect the remeasurement or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

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# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 1 Summary of Material Accounting Policies continued

#### (I) Revenue and Other Income

#### Revenue from contracts with customers

The core principle of AASB 15 is that revenue is recognised on a basis that reflects the transfer of promised goods or services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration the Group expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. Revenue is recognised by applying a five-step model as follows:

- 1. Identify the contract with the customer
- 2. Identify the performance obligations
- 3. Determine the transaction price
- 4. Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations
- 5. Recognise revenue as and when control of the performance obligation is transferred

Revenue from providing services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered. For fixed-price contracts, revenue is recognised based on the actual service provided to the end of the reporting period as a proportion of the total services to be provided, because the customer receives and uses the benefits simultaneously.

Some contracts include multiple deliverables, such as the sale of licences and maintenance. These are accounted for as a separate performance obligations. In this case, the transaction price will be allocated to each performance obligation based on the stand-alone selling prices. Where these are not directly observable, they are estimated based on expected cost plus margin.

Revenue is recognised either at a point in time or over time, when (or as) the Group satisfies performance obligations by transferring the promised goods or services to its customers.

Licences that grant the user a right to use the product are recorded when access is granted. Licences that grant the user a right to access the product are recorded over the access period.

When such licenses are either customised or sold together with significant integration services, the goods and services represent a single combined performance obligation. Revenue is recognised at a point in time when the software has been developed and tested and the Group has a right to payment.

Maintenance revenue is recognised on a straight-line basis over the maintenance service period. As the amount of work required to perform under these contracts does not vary significantly from month-to-month, the straightline method provides a faithful depiction of the transfer of goods or services.

The Group recognises contract liabilities for consideration received in respect of unsatisfied performance obligations and reports these amounts as other liabilities in the statement of financial position. Similarly, if the Group satisfies a performance obligation before it receives the consideration, the Group recognises either a contract asset or a receivable in its statement of financial position, depending on whether something other than the passage of time is required before the consideration is due.

#### Costs to obtain a contract

The capitalised costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the expected life of the contract which is has been estimated at 3 years.

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## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 1 Summary of Material Accounting Policies continued

#### (I) Revenue and Other Income continued

#### Interest Revenue

Interest is recognised using the effective interest method.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

#### (m) Trade and Other Receivables

Trade and other receivables include amounts due from customers for goods sold and services performed in the ordinary course of business. Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. All other receivables are classified as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any provision for impairment. Refer to Note 2(f) for further discussion on the determination of impairment losses.

#### (n) Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables represent the liabilities for goods and services received by the entity that remain unpaid at the end of the reporting period. The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amounts normally paid within 30 days of recognition of the liability.

#### (o) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset.

All other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

#### (p) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payable are stated inclusive of GST.

Cash flows in the consolidated statement of cash flows are included on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as operating cash flows.

## (q) Comparative Amounts

Comparatives are consistent with prior years, unless otherwise stated.

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## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 1 Summary of Material Accounting Policies continued

#### (r) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

#### Key estimates - impairment of goodwill

Included in non-current intangible assets of the Group is Goodwill. At each balance date the directors review whether Goodwill has suffered any impairment in accordance with the accounting policy stated in Note 1(g).

#### Key estimates - impairment of non-financial assets

In assessing impairment, management estimates the recoverable amount of each asset or cash-generating unit based on expected future cash flows and uses an interest rate to discount them. Estimation uncertainty relates to assumptions about future operating results and the determination of a suitable discount rate (see Note 1(f)).

#### Key judgments - development costs

Development costs that are directly attributable to the design and testing of identifiable patentable technology controlled by the Group are capitalised as intangible assets only when it is technically feasible to complete the project, it is intended that the project will be completed and it will generate probably future economic benefits and the Group has the ability to use the product.

#### (s) New Accounting Standards issued but not yet effective and not been adopted early by the Group

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, several new, but not yet effective, Standards and amendments to existing Standards, and Interpretations have been published by the AASB. None of these Standards or amendments to existing Standards have been adopted early by the Group.

Management anticipates that all relevant pronouncements will be adopted for the first period beginning on or after the effective date of the pronouncement. New Standards, amendments and Interpretations not adopted in the current year have not been disclosed as they are not expected to have a material impact on the Group's financial statements.

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## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### **Revenue and Other Income**

Revenue from continuing operations	
------------------------------------	--

Revenue from continuing operations						202	) E	2024
						202	\$	2024 \$
							Φ	Ψ
Sales revenue								
- licence sales					,	16,398,34	. <b>9</b> 17,	308,380
- maintenance fees						4,340,24	· <b>8</b> 3,	773,420
- consulting sales						1,013,84	7 1,	790,408
						21,752,44	4 22,	872,208
The Group's revenue is disaggregated as fo	llows:							
	Lega	-	Sna		em		То	
	2025	2024	2025	2024			2025	2024
Goods or services transferred at a point in time - licence sales	\$	\$ E71 E00	\$ 529 543	1 164 260	3.450.888		\$	
- incence sales - consulting sales	-	571,500	528,543 68,433	1,164,369 182,407	, ,	2,032,875 1,608,002	2,685,431 1,013,847	
- consuling sales		-	60,433	102,407	945,414	1,000,002	1,013,047	1,790,408
Total		571,500	596,976	1,346,776	3,102,302	3,640,877	3,699,278	5,559,153
	Lega	су	Sna	are	em	ite	То	tal
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	,
Goods or services transferred over time								
- licence sales	-	-		3,635,848	, ,	9,903,787		
- maintenance fees	-	123,500	2,136,597	3,269,879	2,203,650	380,041	4,340,247	3,773,420
Total	-	123,500	6.603.722	6.905.727	11,449,444	10.283.828	18.053.166	17.313.055

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# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 3 Result for the Year

The result for the year includes the following specific expenses:

The result for the year includes the following specific expenses:		
	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Salaries and wages	11,396,959	10,980,629
Commissions	1,641,547	1,788,225
Superannuation contributions	730,368	673,347
Payroll taxes	796,376	795,568
Consultants	983,928	699,811
Medical expenses	412,867	500,813
AL & LSL (benefit)/expenses	(34,840)	89,262
Share-based payment	17,453	90,619
Other employee benefit expenses	8,649	57,928
	15,953,307	15,676,202
Depreciation and amortisation expense comprises:		
- Depreciation - plant and equipment	112,309	125,228
- Depreciation - right of use assets	364,758	441,582
- Amortisation - intellectual property	800,000	800,000
- Amortisation - development costs	3,008	20,958
	1,280,075	1,387,768
Other Expenses:		
Accounting fees	266,418	270,258
Consulting and professional fees	2,218,277	1,954,786
Filing fees	88,172	78,377
Insurance	286,000	267,329
Legal Fees	95,255	83,799
Marketing	533,473	878,919
Strata Fees	85,390	31,536
Royalties	116,134	313,722
Foreign exchange (gains)/losses	(461,555)	239,655
Communications expense including cloud services	5,435,185	4,641,895
Software including annual maintenance	1,580,925	1,342,748
Travel and accommodation	404,196	378,739
Other expenses	191,973	187,732
	10,839,843	10,669,495
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## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

## 4 Income Tax Expense

(a) The major components of tax expense (benefit) comprise:		
(=) ···· ,··· ,··· ,··· ,··· ,··· ,··· ,·	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Current tax expense	16,089	280,622
Total current tax expense	16,089	280,622
Deferred tax expense/(benefit)	1,263,705	(688,164)
Adjustments for under/(over) provision for taxes in prior periods	(995,162)	32,718
Total deferred tax expense	268,543	(665,446)
Total income tax expense/(benefit)	284,632	(374,824)
(b) Reconciliation of income tax to accounting profit/(loss):		
	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Profit/(loss)	(6,192,130)	(4,604,187)
Tax	25.00%	25.00%
	(1,548,033)	(1,151,047)
Add:		
Tax effect of:		
- non-deductible expenses	206,539	269,966
- tax losses not recognised	2,326,728	476,071
- temporary differences not recognised	364,120	-
- over/(under) provision for tax in prior year		32,718
	1,349,354	(372,292)
Less:		
Tax effect of:		
- Tax losses - foreign jurisdictions	69,560	2,532
- over/(under) provision for tax in prior year	995,162	
Income tax expense/(benefit)	284,632	(374,824)
		<u> </u>

## 5 Key Management Personnel Disclosures

Key management personnel remuneration included within employee expenses for the year is shown below:

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits	2,319,258	1,746,027
Long-term benefits	45,137	20,765
Post-employment benefits	146,529	108,467
Share-based payments	12,733	110,255
	2,523,657	1,985,514

The Remuneration Report contained in the Directors Report contains details of the remuneration paid or payable to each member of the Group's Key Management Personnel for the year ended June 2025.

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## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 6 Remuneration of Auditors

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Remuneration of the auditor of the parent entity, Grant Thornton, for:		
- auditing or reviewing the financial statements	157,988	146,341
- taxation services	-	45,500
Remuneration of Grant Thornton for other services:		
- non assurance services	77,250	66,950
Remuneration of other auditors of subsidiaries for:		
- auditing or reviewing the financial statements of subsidiaries	17,989	15,761
Total	253,227	274,552
<sup>7</sup> Dividends		
The following dividends were declared and paid:		
Interim unfranked ordinary dividend of nil (2024: nil) cents per share	-	
Franking account		
The franking credits available for subsequent financial years at a tax rate of 25%	141,574	141,574

The above available balance is based on the dividend franking account at year-end adjusted for:

- (a) Franking credits that will arise from the payment of the current tax liabilities;
- (b) Franking debits that will arise from the payment of dividends recognised as a liability at the year end;
- (c) Franking credits that will arise from the receipt of dividends recognised as receivables at the end of the year.

The ability to use the franking credits is dependent upon the Company's future ability to declare dividends.

### 8 Earnings per Share

7

(a) Reconciliation of earnings to profit or loss from continuing operations

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Loss after income tax attributable to the owners of Prophecy International Holdings Limited-	(6,487,759)	(4,240,324)
(b) Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used in ca	alculating basic FP	s
(b) Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year asset in or	No.	No.
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year		
used in calculating basic EPS	73,748,934	73,618,161

Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used in calculating dilutive EPS 73,748,934 73,618,161

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# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

۵.	Cach	and	Cach	Equivalents	•
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		\$	\$
	Cash at bank in hand	4,930,602	11,710,885
		4,930,602	11,710,885
10	Trade and Other Receivables		
	CURRENT		
	Trade and other receivables	2,871,816	2,987,240
	Provision for impairment	(48,258)	(48,258)
	Total current trade and other receivables	2,823,558	2,938,982
	NON-CURRENT		
	Deposits	24	24
	Other receivables	8,568	8,472
	Total non-current trade and other receivables	8,592	8,496

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## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 10 Trade and Other Receivables continued

The following table details the Group's trade and other receivables.

	Current	Less than 30 days past due	More than 30 days past due	More than 60 days past due	More than 90 days past due	Total
2025						
Expected loss rate	-	-	-	-	-	
Gross carrying amount						
- trade receivables	1,758,081	1,037,325	11,219	58,212	15,571	2,880,408
Loss allowance	-	-	-	-	-	(48,258)
2024						
Expected loss rate	-	-	-	-	-	
Gross carrying amount						
- trade receivables	2,735,950	202,857	62,844	-	(5,915)	2,995,736
Loss allowance	-	-	-	-	-	(48,258)

The Group does not hold any financial assets with terms that have been renegotiated, but which would otherwise be past due or impaired.

The other classes of receivables do not contain impaired assets. The Group applies the AASB 9 simplified model of recognising lifetime expected credit losses for all trade receivables as these items do not have a significant financing component.

In measuring the expected credit losses, the trade receivables have been assessed on a collective basis as they possess shared credit risk characteristics. They have been grouped based on the days past due.

The expected loss rates are based on the payment profile for sales over the past 12 months before 30 June 2025 and 30 June 2024 respectively as well as the corresponding historical credit losses during that period. The historical rates are not adjusted to reflect current and forwarding looking macroeconomic factors affecting the customer's ability to settle the amount outstanding as it is considered that there are no other factors which are not already reflected in the historical rates.

The Group is not exposed to any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any group of counterparties having similar characteristics. Trade receivables consist of a large number of customers in various industries and geographical areas. Based on historical information about customer default rates management consider the credit quality of trade receivables that are not past due or impaired to be good.

#### 11 Other Assets

CURRENT Prepayments – incremental costs to obtain contracts with customers  1,065,447  1,410,985		2025	2024
Prepayments – incremental costs to obtain contracts with customers 1,065,447 1,410,985		\$	\$
	CURRENT		
Other prepayments 1103 956 1 038 002	Prepayments – incremental costs to obtain contracts with customers	1,065,447	1,410,985
1,103,000 1,000,002	Other prepayments	1,103,956	1,038,092
<b>2,169,403</b> 2,449,077		2,169,403	2,449,077
NON-CURRENT	NON-CURRENT		
Prepayments – incremental costs to obtain contracts with customers 683,855 869,613	Prepayments – incremental costs to obtain contracts with customers	683,855	869,613

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## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 12 Interests in Subsidiaries

**Composition of the Group** 

·	Principal place of business / Country of Incorporation	Percentage Owned (%)* 2025	Percentage Owned (%)* 2024
Subsidiaries:			
Intersect Alliance International Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
Prophecy International Pty Ltd as trustee for CSP Unit			
Trust	Australia	100	100
Prophecy R&D Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
Prophecy Americas' Inc	United States	93	93
Prophecy Europe Limited	United Kingdom	100	100
emite Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
Prophecy Philipines	Philipines	100	100

<sup>\*</sup>The percentage of ownership interest held is equivalent to the percentage voting rights for all subsidiaries.

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## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 13 Intangible Assets

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Goodwill	•	•
Cost	5,108,270	5,108,270
Accumulated impairment losses	(2,981,455)	(2,981,455)
Net carrying value	2,126,815	2,126,815
Intellectual property Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment	12,720,000 (10,409,291)	12,720,000 (9,609,291)
Net carrying value	2,310,709	3,110,709
Development costs Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment	3,404,372 (2,678,372)	2,678,372 (2,675,364)
Net carrying value	726,000	3,008
Total Intangibles	5,163,524	5,240,532

#### Movements in carrying amounts of intangible assets

	Intellectual property \$	Goodwill \$	Development costs	Total \$
Year ended 30 June 2025 Balance at the beginning of the year Amortisation Additions	3,110,709 (800,000) -	2,126,815 - -	3,008 (3,008) 726,000	5,240,532 (803,008) 726,000
Closing value at 30 June 2025	2,310,709	2,126,815	726,000	5,163,524
Year ended 30 June 2024 Balance at the beginning of the year Amortisation	3,910,709 (800,000)	2,126,815 -	23,966 (20,958)	6,061,490 (820,958)
Closing value at 30 June 2024	3,110,709	2,126,815	3,008	5,240,532

Intangible assets, other than goodwill have finite useful lives. The current amortisation charges for intangible assets are included under depreciation and amortisation expense in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. Goodwill has an indefinite life and is not amortised.

Goodwill with a carrying value of \$2,126,815 (2024 \$2,126,815) has been allocated to the Snare CGU. The recoverable amount of the Snare CGU is determined based on the value-in-use ("VIU") calculations. The calculation is based on net present value of cash flow projections over a 4 year period at a post-tax discount rate of 17.7%.

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## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

## 13 Intangible Assets continued

It is estimated an ongoing growth rate of 2.5% pa to perpetuity in the future cash flows in this VIU calculation. If the discount rate, which is based on the estimate of the Snare CGU's weighted average cost of capital, had been increased from 17.7% to 20.0%, no impairment expenses would have been recognised.

Intellectual Property with a carrying value of \$3,110,709 (2024: \$3,910,709), has been allocated to the emite CGU. The recoverable amount of the emite CGU is determined based on the VIU calculations. The calculation is based on net present value of cash flow projections over a 4 year period at a post-tax discount rate of 17.7%. It is estimated an ongoing growth rate of 2.5% pa to perpetuity in the future cash flows in this VIU calculation. If the discount rate, which is based on the estimate of the emite CGU's weighted average cost of capital, had been increased from 17.7% to 20.0%, no impairment expenses would have been recognised.

#### 14 Leases

#### (a) Right-of-use assets

	2025
Year ended 30 June 2025	
As at 1 July 2024	819,196
Depreciation	(364,758)
Balance at end of year	<u>454,438</u>
	2024
Year ended 30 June 2024	
As at 1 July 2023	1,259,353
Increases – annual lease increase	11,088
FX Revaluation	(9,663)
Depreciation	(441,582)
Balance at end of year	819,196

The Group lease various office spaces in Australia and the United States. Rental contracts typically made for fixed periods of 1 year to 5 years.

#### (b) Lease liabilities

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities based on contractual undiscounted cash flows is shown in the table below:

	< 1 year	1 - 5 years	Future Interest Expense	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
2025 Lease liabilities	194,643	334,209	(34,828)	494,024
2024 Lease liabilities	423.679	528.852	(68.279)	884.252

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## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

## 15 Trade and Other Payables

		2025	2024
	Note	\$	\$
Trade payables		1,653,228	1,694,393
Sundry payables and accrued expenses		918,585	782,263
Other payables		2,655	2,655
	<u> </u>	2,574,468	2,479,311

Trade and other payables are unsecured, non-interest bearing and are normally settled within 30 days. The carrying value of trade and other payables is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value due to the short-term nature of the balances.

#### 16 Contract liabilities

	CURRENT Unearned revenue from customers	8,613,765	8,868,199
	NON-CURRENT		
	Unearned revenue from customers	2,178,655	2,514,928
17	Employee Benefits		
	CURRENT		
	Long service leave	704,481	646,128
	Annual leave	1,136,708	1,211,593
		1,841,189	1,857,721
	NON-CURRENT		
	Long service leave	119,306	125,585

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## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 18 Issued Capital

				2025	2024
				\$	\$
73,74	8,934 (2024: 73,625,934) Ordinary shares			35,963,440	35,822,379
(a)	Ordinary shares				
		2025	2025	2024	2024
		\$	No.	\$	No.
	At the beginning of the reporting period	35,822,379	73,625,934	35,809,479	73,610,934
	Issue of shares - employee share scheme	141,061	123,000	12,900	15,000
	At the end of the reporting period	35,963,440	73,748,934	35,822,379	73,625,934

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the Company. On a show of hands at meetings of the Company, each holder of ordinary shares has one vote in person or by proxy, and upon a poll each share is entitled to one vote.

The Company does not have authorised capital or par value in respect of its shares.

#### (b) Capital Management

The key objectives of the Company when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern and maintain optimal benefits to stakeholders. The Company defines capital as its equity and net debt.

There has been no change to capital risk management policies during the year.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes funding decisions based on the prevailing economic environment and has a number of tools available to manage capital risk. These include maintaining a diversified debt portfolio, the ability to adjust the size and timing of dividends paid to shareholders and the issue of new shares.

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## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 19 Contingencies

#### **Contingent Liabilities**

Prophecy International Pty Ltd, a controlled entity, has provided guarantees to third parties in respect of property lease rentals. The maximum amount payable is \$72,544 (2024: \$72,644).

The guarantees are secured by a fixed charge over Prophecy International Pty Ltd's bank balances.

No material losses are anticipated in respect to this contingency.

#### 20 Events Occurring After the Reporting Date

Aside from the Group's announcement of the proposed merger with Complexica Pty Ltd and the issue of 4,000 performance rights to employees, and the resignation of Brad Thomas as CEO, no matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or could significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

#### 21 Reserves and retained surplus

#### (a) Foreign currency translation reserve

Exchange differences arising on translation of the foreign controlled entity are recognised in other comprehensive income - foreign currency translation reserve. The cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss when the net investment is disposed of.

#### (b) Share option reserve

This reserve records the cumulative value of employee service received for the issue of share options. When the option is exercised the amount in the share option reserve is transferred to share capital.

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## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 22 Cash Flow Information

(a)	Reconciliation of result for the year to cashflows from operating activities		
(α)	Reconciliation of result for the year to cashhows from operating activities	2025	2024
		\$	\$
	Loss for the year	(6,476,942)	(4,229,363)
	Cash flows excluded from profit attributable to operating activities	, ,	,
	Non-cash flows in profit:		
	- depreciation and amortisation	1,280,075	1,387,768
	- net gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	293	4,485
	- foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(461,555)	238,740
	- foreign exchange differences arising on translation of foreign subsidiaries	131,780	24,518
	- share based payments	(17,453)	(90,619)
	Changes in assets and liabilities:		
	- (increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables and contract assets	(323,923)	327,755
	- (increase)/decrease in other assets	541,650	(40,669)
	- (increase)/decrease in deferred tax asset	89,997	1,000,163
	- (increase)/decrease in income tax receivable	8,424	593,277
	- increase/(decrease) in contract liabilities	(590,707)	1,685,476
	- increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	86,134	636,944
	- increase/(decrease) in deferred tax liability	193,471	(1,399,927)
	- increase/(decrease) in employee benefits	(24,865)	90,847
	Cashflows from operations	(5,563,621)	229,395
(b)	Credit standby arrangements with banks		
(-,	Credit facility	93,435	75,000
	Amount utilised	(29,865)	(26,875)
		63,570	48,125

The major facilities are summarised as follows:

#### Credit cards

Prophecy International Pty Ltd, Intersect Alliance Pty Ltd, Prophecy Americas Inc. and emite Pty Ltd, controlled entities, have credit card facilities.

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## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 23 Tax

Current Tax Asset		
	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Income tax receivable	16,958	25,382
Current Tax Liability		
Recognised deferred tax assets and liabilities		
Deferred tax assets	711,080	801,077
Deferred tax liabilities	711,080	517,610
Net deferred tax asset / (liability)	-	283,467
Unrecognised deferred tax assets		
Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following:		
Tax losses in overseas jurisdiction	7,189,252	7,892,469
Deductible/(Assessable) Temporary differences in overseas jurisdictions	770,098	(1,507,659)
Tax losses in Australian Tax Consolidated Group	10,010,128	-
Deductible Temporary differences in Australian Tax Group	399,140	-
Net deferred tax assets on the above at tax rates in the relevant jurisdiction	3,943,325	1,657,418

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these items because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Group can utilise the benefits therein. At 30 June 2025, substantially all tax losses in overseas jurisdictions relate to the Group's United States subsidiary.

#### **Deferred Tax Assets**

	Opening Balance	Charged to Income	Charged directly to Equity	Changes in Tax Rate	Closing Balance
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Property, plant and equipment					
- tax allowance	854	(854)	-	_	_
Provisions - employee benefits	372,333	22,276	-	-	394,609
Unrealised foreign exchange	1,040	9,507	-	-	10,547
Accruals	24,153	10,599	-	-	34,752
Deferred tax assets attributable to tax losses	462,082	(321,976)	-	-	140,106
Leases	277,994	(56,931)	-	-	221,063
Balance at 30 June 2024	1,138,456	(337,379)	-	-	801,077
Provisions - employee benefits	394,609	(56,625)	-	-	337,984
Unrealised foreign exchange	10,547	17,885	-	-	28,432
Accruals	34,752	21,283	-	-	56,035
Deferred tax assets attributable to tax losses	140,106	25,017	-	-	165,123
Leases	221,063	(97,557)	-	-	123,506
Balance at 30 June 2025	801,077	(89,997)	-	-	711,080

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## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 23 Tax continued

#### **Deferred Tax Liabilities**

	Opening Balance	Charged to Income	Charged directly to Equity	Changes in Tax Rate	Closing Balance
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Prepayments	681,548	(583,995)	-	-	97,553
Property, plant and equipment	10,219	(3,911)	-	-	6,308
Unrealised foreign currency gains	298,020	(57,659)	(31,411)	-	208,950
Leases	264,966	(60,167)	-	-	204,799
Balance at 30 June 2024	1,254,753	(705,732)	(31,411)	-	517,610
Prepayments	97,553	36,596	-	-	134,149
Property, plant and equipment	6,308	(2,833)	-	-	3,475
Unrealised foreign currency gains	208,950	6,236	14,924	-	230,110
Leases	204,799	123,393	-	-	328,192
Capitalised professional fees		15,154	-	-	15,154
Balance at 30 June 2025	517,610	178,546	14,924	-	711,080
Net DTA after offset against DTL	283,467	(268,543) <sup>1</sup>	(14,924)	_	-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The net change in the deferred tax asset charged to income tax expense of \$284,632 is net of timing differences \$995,162 related to prior period timing adjustments identified when lodging the Group's various tax returns.

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## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 24 Operating Segments

#### Segment information

#### Identification of reportable segments

The Group has identified its operating segments based on the internal reports that are reviewed and used by the Board of Directors (chief operating decision maker) in assessing performance and determining the allocation of resources.

The Group is managed primarily on the basis of product category and service offerings as the diversification of the Group's operations inherently have notably different risk profiles and performance assessment criteria. Operating segments are therefore determined on the same basis.

#### Basis of accounting for purposes of reporting by operating segments

#### (a) Accounting policies adopted

Unless stated below, all amounts reported to the Board of Directors, being the chief operating decision maker with respect to operating segments, are determined in accordance with accounting policies that are consistent with those adopted in the annual financial statements of the Group.

Income tax expense is calculated based on the segment operating net profit using a notional charge of 27.5%. The effect of taxable or deductible temporary differences is not included for internal reporting purposes.

An internally determined transfer price is set for all inter-entity sales. This price is reset quarterly and is based on what would be realised in the event the sale was made to an external party at arm's-length. All such transactions are eliminated on consolidation of the Group's financial statements.

Corporate charges are allocated to reporting segments based on the segments' overall proportion of revenue generation within the Group. The Board of Directors believes this is representative of likely consumption of head office expenditure that should be used in assessing segment performance and cost recoveries.

Inter-segment loans payable and receivable are initially recognised at the consideration received/to be received net of transaction costs. If inter-segment loans receivable and payable are not on commercial terms, these are not adjusted to fair value based on market interest rates.

#### (b) Segment assets

Where an asset is used across multiple segments, the asset is allocated to the segment that receives the majority of economic value from the asset. In the majority of instances, segment assets are clearly identifiable on the basis of their nature and physical location.

#### (c) Segment liabilities

Liabilities are allocated to segments where there is direct nexus between the incurrence of the liability and the operations of the segment. Borrowings and tax liabilities are generally considered to relate to the Group as a whole and are not allocated. Segment liabilities include trade and other payables and certain direct borrowings.

#### (d) Unallocated items

The following items of revenue, expense, assets and liabilities are not allocated to operating segments as they are not considered part of the core operations of any segment:

- deferred tax assets and liabilities
- current tax liabilities
- intangible assets

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## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

## 24 Operating Segments continued

## (e) Segment performance

		Lega	асу	SNA	RE	emite		Total	
		2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	REVENUE								
	External sales	-	695,000	7,200,697	8,252,504	14,551,747	13,924,704	21,752,444	22,872,208
	Other revenue	4,233	4,125	98	1,625	167,041	314,495	171,372	320,245
	Total segment revenue	4,233	699,125	7,200,795	8,254,129	14,718,788	14,239,199	21,923,816	23,192,453
	Segment operating profit/(loss)	(3,683,306)	(3,234,395)	(2,137,342)	(1,694,834)	(371,662)	325,042	(6,192,310)	(4,604,187)
(f)	Segment assets								
	Segment assets	1,234,530	1,614,287	6,275,351	6,763,112	9,623,603	16,454,653	17,133,484	24,832,052
	- Capital expenditure	27,836	8,250	15,855	23,540	16,107	11,117	59,798	42,907
(g)	Segment liabilities								
	Segment liabilities	1,943,253	2,496,595	6,931,165	6,626,488	6,946,989	7,606,913	15,821,407	16,729,996

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## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 24 Operating Segments continued

#### (h) Reconciliations

Reconciliation of segment revenue to consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

2025	2024
\$	\$
Total segment revenue 21,752,444	22,872,208

Reconciliation of segment operating profit to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

The Board meets on a monthly basis to assess the performance of each segment, net operating profit does not include non-operating revenue and expenses such as dividends, fair value gains and losses.

Segment net operating profit Income tax (expense)/benefit	(6,192,310) (284,632)	(4,604,187) 374,824
Total net profit after tax	(6,476,942)	(4,229,363)
Reconciliation of segment assets to the consolidated statement of financial posit		
Segment operating assets	11,953,003	19,282,671
Deferred and current tax assets (net)	16,957	308,849
Intangible assets	5,163,524	5,240,532
Total assets per the consolidated statement of financial position	17,133,484	24,832,052
Reconciliation of segment liabilities to the consolidated statement of financial po	sition	
Total liabilities per the consolidated statement of financial position	15,821,407	16,729,996

#### (i) Geographical information

In presenting information on the basis of geographical segments, segment revenue is based on the geographical location of customers whereas segment assets are based on the location of the assets.

•	2025		2024	
	Revenue	Assets	Revenue	Assets
Australia & NZ	6,581,822	10,550,462	4,998,819	17,820,089
North America	12,917,256	5,563,099	15,758,017	5,997,048
Europe	2,000,818	700,910	1,663,911	727,234
Asia	122,735	319,013	112,446	287,681
Middle East	129,811	-	334,513	-
Africa	_	-	4,502	
	21,752,442	17,133,484	22,872,208	24,832,052

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## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 25 Related Parties

#### (a) The Group's main related parties are as follows:

## (i) Key management personnel:

Any person(s) having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of that entity are considered key management personnel.

#### Compensation

The aggregate compensation made to directors and other members of key management personnel of the company are set out below and detailed disclosures relating to remuneration are included in the remuneration report:

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits	2,319,258	1,746,027
Long-term benefits	45,137	20,765
Post-employment benefits	146,529	108,467
Share-based payments	12,733	110,255
	2,523,657	1,985,514

Disclosures relating to key management personnel are set out in the remuneration report in the Directors' Report.

Other transactions with KMP and their related entities are shown below.

## (b) Transactions with related parties

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

The following transactions occurred with related parties:

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Directors Fees of \$100,000 for Ed Reynolds were paid to: - Ed Reynolds (\$39,000) and - Reyer Investments Pty Ltd (\$61,000) as stated in the Remuneration Report included in the Directors' Report. Reyer Investments Pty Ltd, a company directed by Ed Reynolds, the Chairman, provided additional consulting services to the Group.	6,996	6,646
Directors Fees of \$70,000 for Grant R Miles were paid to:  - Moore Australia (SA) Pty Ltd (\$60,000); and  - Rickaby Holdings Pty Ltd (\$10,000) as stated in the Remuneration Report included in the Directors' Report. Moore Australia (SA) Pty Ltd, a company directed by Grant R Miles, the Company Secretary and Director, provided Company Secretary and accounting services to the Group.	146,277	26,400
- -	153,273	33,046

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## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 26 Financial Risk Management

The main risks the Group is exposed to through its financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk consisting of interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and equity price risk.

The Group's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, accounts receivable and payable.

The totals for each category of financial instruments, measured in accordance with AASB 9 as detailed in the accounting policies to these financial statements, are as follows:

		2025	2024
	Note	\$	\$
Financial Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	4,930,602	11,710,885
Financial assets		102,544	102,644
Trade and other receivables	10 _	2,823,558	2,938,982
Total financial assets	_	7,856,704	14,752,511
Financial Liabilities at amortised costs			
Trade and other payables	15	2,574,468	2,479,311
Lease liabilities	14	494,024	884,252
Total financial liabilities	_	3,068,492	3,363,563

#### Objectives, policies and processes

The Board of Directors have overall responsibility for the establishment of the Group's financial risk management framework. This includes the development of policies covering specific areas such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and the use of derivatives.

Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities.

The day-to-day risk management is carried out by the Group's finance function under policies and objectives which have been approved by the Board of Directors. The Chief Financial Officer has been delegated the authority for designing and implementing processes which follow the objectives and policies. This includes monitoring the levels of exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange rate risk and assessment of market forecasts for interest rate and foreign exchange movements.

The Board of Directors receives monthly reports which provide details of the effectiveness of the processes and policies in place.

Mitigation strategies for specific risks faced are described below:

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## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 26 Financial Risk Management continued

#### Specific financial risk exposures and management

The main risks the Group is exposed to through its financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk relating to interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and equity price risk.

#### (a) Credit risk

Exposure to credit risk relating to financial assets arises from the potential non-performance by counterparties of contract obligations that could lead to a financial loss to the Group and arises principally from the Group's receivables.

The group has a material credit risk exposure to the Commonwealth Bank of Australia and National Australia Bank, although the risk of a material loss from this exposure is considered to be very low.

The consolidated group does not hold any collateral in respect of any financial instruments.

There is no provision for impairment of receivables at 30 June 2025.

Trade and other receivables are all unrated.

The group at present has two types of customers:

The first consists of small to medium organisations that renew their software licences annually. These organisations have been clients for many years and the consolidated group has experienced little bad debt history from these clients.

The second are new licence/service clients who in the main are large government organisations, and it is the consolidated group's policy to subject these organisations to credit verification procedures.

It is the consolidated group's policy to review all outstanding accounts monthly, and any overdue accounts are contacted to ascertain their payment intentions.

#### (b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that the Group might encounter difficulty in settling its debts or otherwise meeting its obligations related to financial liabilities. The Group manages this risk through the following mechanisms:

- holding only creditor debt;
- no bank overdraft facilities;
- maintain a significant cash balance to offset any downturn in a quarter's trade performance;
- cash balances are spread over a mixture of on-call accounts and bank term deposits to maximise operational flexibility and interest receivable;
- foreign currency receipts are remitted to Australia regularly, converted to Australian dollars and banked in the abovementioned accounts to maximise interest receivable;
- cash flow projections are ascertained from the consolidated group's policy of reviewing all its business
  operations in detail on a quarterly basis, and the board agreeing the revised profit and cash outlooks for
  the year, and measuring actual performance against these on a monthly basis.

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## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 26 Financial Risk Management continued

#### (b) Liquidity risk continued

The Group's non-derivative financial liabilities have contract maturities as summarised below. The amounts below reflect the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Refer to Note 16 for the maturity analysis of lease liabilities

	Within 1 Year		1 to 5 Years		Total	1	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Financial liabilities due for payment							
	2,574,468	2,479,3			2,574,468		
Trade and other payables	11	-	-			2,479,311	

The timing of expected outflows is not expected to be materially different from contracted cashflows.

Financial assets pledged as collateral

No financial assets have been pledged as security for any financial liability.

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices.

Foreign exchange risk

Exposure to foreign exchange risk may result in the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument fluctuating due to movement in foreign exchange rates of currencies in which the Group holds financial instruments which are other than the AUD functional currency of the Group.

With instruments being held by overseas operations, fluctuations in UK pounds and US dollars may impact on the Group's financial results unless those exposures are appropriately hedged.

Currently there are no hedges in place.

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## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

## 26 Financial Risk Management continued

The following table shows the foreign currency risk on the financial assets and liabilities of the Group's operations denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of operations.

				Net financial assets /(liabilities) in AUD \$				
	USD	EUR	GBP	NZD	SGD	PHP	Total AUD	
2025	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Consolidated								
Trade and other receivables	1,972,073	227,074	367	10,309	-	-	2,209,823	
Trade and other payables	(1,042,300)	-	(116,160)	-	-	(2,242)	(1,160,702)	
<b>2024</b> Consolidated								
Trade and other receivables	2,399,567	101,426	148,515	-	-	-	2,649,508	
Trade and other payables	(827,768)	-	(162,103)	-	(28,072)	(3,770)	(1,021,713)	

Forward exchange contracts

There were no outstanding forward exchange contracts as at 30 June 2025 or 30 June 2024.

#### Foreign currency risk sensitivity analysis

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of the net result for the year and equity in regards to the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities and the US Dollar – Australian Dollar exchange rate, UK pounds – Australian Dollar exchange rate, Euro - Australian Dollar exchange rate and the Philippine Peso – Australian Dollar exchange rate. There have been no changes in the assumptions calculating this sensitivity from prior years.

The year end rate is 0.66 US dollars, 0.48 UK pounds, 0.56 Euros and 36.88 Pesos.

If the Australian Dollar had strengthened and weakened against the US dollar, UK pound and Euro by 10% (30 June 2024: 10%) and 10% (30 June 2024: 10%) respectively then this would have had the following impact:

	2025				
	+10%		+10%	-10%	
USD Net results Equity	(354,422)	433,183	(963,554)	1,177,677	
	(113,338)	138,525	(137,719)	168,319	
GBP Net results Equity	(3,214)	3,928	(321)	392	
	(47,348)	57,870	(40,977)	50,083	
Euro Net results Equity	(224)	274 -	(69) -	84	
PHP Net results Equity	-	-	-	-	
	(1,868)	2,283	(2,910)	3,556	

Exposures to foreign exchange rates vary during the year depending on the volume of overseas transactions. Nonetheless, the analysis above is considered to be representative of the Company's exposure to foreign currency risk.

ABN: 16 079 971 618

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 27 Parent entity

The following information has been extracted from the books and records of the parent, Prophecy International Holdings Limited and Controlled Entities and has been prepared consistent with the accounting policies of the Group.

The financial information for the parent entity, Prophecy International Holdings Limited and Controlled Entities has been prepared on the same basis as the consolidated financial statements except as disclosed below.

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint venture entities are accounted for at cost in the consolidated financial statements of the parent entity. Dividends received from associates are recognised in the parent entity profit or loss, rather than being deducted from the carrying amount of these investments.

Tax consolidation legislation

Prophecy International Holdings Limited and Controlled Entities and its wholly-owned Australian subsidiaries have formed an income tax consolidated group.

Each entity in the tax consolidated group accounts for their own current and deferred tax amounts. These tax amounts are measured using the 'stand-alone taxpayer' approach to allocation.

Current tax liabilities (assets) and deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and tax credits in the subsidiaries are immediately transferred to the parent entity.

The tax consolidated group has entered into a tax funding agreement whereby each entity within the group contributes to the income tax payable by the Group in proportion to their contribution to the Group's taxable income. Differences between the amounts of net tax assets and liabilities derecognised and the net amounts recognised pursuant to the funding agreement are recognised as either a contribution by, or distribution to the head entity.

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	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Statement of Financial Position Assets		
Current assets	4,894,257	6,892,746
Non-current assets	7,440,820	12,203,608
Total Assets	12,335,077	19,096,354
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	10,909,390	10,789,499
Non-current liabilities	113,610	204,799
Total Liabilities	11,023,000	10,994,298
Equity		
Issued capital	35,963,439	35,822,379
Retained earnings	(34,772,248)	(27,964,816)
Share option reserve	120,886	244,493
Total Equity	1,312,077	8,102,056
Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income		
Total profit or loss for the year	(6,807,432)	(124,670)
Total comprehensive income	(6,807,432)	(124,670)

ABN: 16 079 971 618

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

## 27 Parent entity continued

#### Guarantees

The parent entity has not entered into any guarantees as at 30 June 2025 or 30 June 2024.

## **Contingent liabilities**

The parent entity did not have any contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2025 or 30 June 2024.

## **Contractual commitments**

The parent entity has contractual commitments amounting to \$954,200 as at 30 June 2025.

ABN: 16 079 971 618

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### 28 Share-based payments

Share-based payments expense during the period is \$17,453 (2024: \$90,619) which relates to performance rights issued to KMP and other employees of the Company.

#### Performance rights

During the year ended 30 June 2025, 12,000 performance rights vested upon meeting performance conditions but remained unexercised at 30 June 2025.

As at 30 June 2025, 10,000 performance rights remained unvested (2024: 46,500), the performance conditions of which are as below:

Performance Rights	Expiry Date	Valuation	Vesting Conditions
5,000	22 July 2025	\$3,200	Continuous employment within the group Continuous employment within the group
5,000	22 July 2026	\$3,200	

Accounting policy for share-based payments

Equity-settled share-based compensation benefits are provided to employees.

Equity-settled transactions are awards of shares, or options over shares, that are provided to employees in exchange for the rendering of services.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is measured at fair value on grant date. Fair value is independently determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the impact of dilution, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk free interest rate for the term of the option, together with non-vesting conditions that do not determine whether the consolidated entity receives the services that entitle the employees to receive payment. No account is taken of any other vesting conditions.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised as an expense with a corresponding increase in equity over the vesting period. The cumulative charge to profit or loss is calculated based on the grant date fair value of the award, the best estimate of the number of awards that are likely to vest and the expired portion of the vesting period. The amount recognised in profit or loss for the period is the cumulative amount calculated at each reporting date less amounts already recognised in previous periods.

Market conditions are taken into consideration in determining fair value. Therefore, any awards subject to market conditions are considered to vest irrespective of whether or not that market condition has been met, provided all other conditions are satisfied.

ABN: 16 079 971 618

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

### 28 Share-based payments continued

If equity-settled awards are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the modification has not been made. An additional expense is recognised, over the remaining vesting period, for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based compensation benefit as at the date of modification.

If the non-vesting condition is within the control of the consolidated entity or employee, the failure to satisfy the condition is treated as a cancellation. If the condition is not within the control of the consolidated entity or employee and is not satisfied during the vesting period, any remaining expense for the award is recognised over the remaining vesting period, unless the award is forfeited. If equity-settled awards are cancelled, it is treated as if it has vested on the date of cancellation, and any remaining expense is recognised immediately. If a new replacement award is substituted for the cancelled award, the cancelled and new award is treated as if they were a modification.

#### 29 Company Details

The registered office and principal place of business of the company is:
Prophecy International Holdings Limited and Controlled Entities
Level 5
60 Waymouth Street
Adelaide SA 5000

ABN: 16 079 971 618

# Consolidated Entity Disclosure Statement (CEDS) For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### **Basis of Preparation**

This Consolidated Entity Disclosure Statement (CEDS) has been prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and includes required information for each entity that was part of the consolidated entity as at the end of the financial year.

#### Consolidated entity

This CEDS includes only those entities consolidated as at the end of the financial year in accordance with AASB 10 Consolidated Financial Statements (AASB 10).

#### Determination of Tax Residency

Section 295 (3A) of the Corporations Act 2001 defines tax residency as having the meaning in the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997. The determination of tax residency involves judgment as there are currently several different interpretations that could be adopted, and which could give rise to a different conclusion on residency.

In determining tax residency, the consolidated entity has applied the following interpretations:

#### Australian tax residency

The consolidated entity has applied current legislation and judicial precedent, including having regard to the Tax Commissioner's public guidance in Tax Ruling TR 2018/5 Income tax: central management and control test of residency.

#### Foreign tax residency

Where necessary, the consolidated entity has used independent tax advisers in foreign jurisdictions to assist in its determination of tax residency to ensure applicable foreign tax legislation has been complied with.

## Partnerships and Trusts

Australian tax law does not contain specific residency tests for partnerships and trusts. Generally, these entities are taxed on a flow-through basis so there is no need for a general residence test. There are some provisions which treat trusts as residents for certain purposes but this does not mean the trust itself is an entity that is subject to tax.

Additional disclosures on the tax status of partnerships and trusts have been provided where relevant

ABN: 16 079 971 618

# **Consolidated Entity Disclosure Statement (CEDS)**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

## **Consolidated Entity Disclosure Statement**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

Entity Name	Type of Entity	Trustee, partner or participant in JV	% of share capital	Country of incorporation	Australian resident or foreign resident	Foreign jurisdiction(s) of foreign residents
Prophecy International Holdings Limited (Parent Entity)	Body corporate			Australia	Australian	n/a
Intersect Alliance International Pty Ltd	Body corporate		100	Australia	Australian	n/a
Prophecy International Pty Ltd as trustee for CSP Unit Trust	Body corporate	Trustee	100	Australia	Australian	n/a
Prophecy R&D Pty Ltd	Body corporate		100	Australia	Australian	n/a
Prophecy Americas' Inc	Body corporate		93	United States of America	Foreign	United States of America
Prophecy Europe Limited	Body corporate		100	United Kingdom	Foreign	United Kingdom
emite Pty Ltd	Body corporate		100	Australia	Australian	n/a
Prophecy Software Solutions Philippines Inc	Body corporate		100	Philippines	Foreign	Philippines

ABN: 16 079 971 618

## **Directors' Declaration**

## For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

The directors of the Company declare that:

- the consolidated financial statements and notes for the year ended 30 June 2025 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:
  - comply with Accounting Standards, which, as stated in basis of preparation Note 1(a) to the consolidated financial statements, constitutes explicit and unreserved compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS); and
  - b. give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the consolidated group;
- the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Finance Officer have given the declarations required by Section 295A that:
  - a. the financial records of the Company for the financial year have been properly maintained in accordance with section 286 of the Corporations Act 2001;
  - b. the consolidated financial statements and notes for the financial year comply with the Accounting Standards;
  - c. the consolidated financial statements and notes for the financial year give a true and fair view; and
  - d. the information disclosed in the consolidated entity disclosure statement is true and correct.
- 3. in the directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

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4. the information disclosed in the consolidated entity disclosure statement is true and correct

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

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Director	Director
Ed Reynolds	Grant Miles

Dated this 29th day of September, 2025

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Grant Thornton Audit Pty Ltd Grant Thornton House Level 3 170 Frome Street Adelaide SA 5000 GPO Box 1270 Adelaide SA 5001

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# Independent Auditor's Report

## To the Members of Prophecy International Holdings Limited

#### Report on the audit of the financial report

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial report of Prophecy International Holdings Limited (the Company) and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2025, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information, the consolidated entity disclosure statement and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the *Corporations Act* 2001, including:

- a giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2025 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
- b complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

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#### **Key audit matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### Key audit matter

#### How our audit addressed the key audit matter

#### Revenue recognition - Note 1 (I) and 2

The Group recorded revenue of \$21,752,444 for the year ended 30 June 2025. Revenue is the key driver of the Group and is generated through multiple streams, including:

- License sales;
- · Maintenance fees; and
- Consulting sales

The revenues are generated from providing diverse goods and services to its customers which require different types of revenue recognition in accordance with the accounting standards and accounting policies detailed in Note 1(m).

The Group focuses on revenue as a key performance indicator and revenue is also a key driver by which the performance of the Group is measured.

Revenue is a key audit matter due to the volume of transactions and the complexity in the revenue recognition of the different streams.

Our procedures included, amongst others:

- Documenting the processes and assessing whether internal controls are designed effectively relating to revenue recognition under the five-step model of AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers;
- Reviewing revenue recognition policies of individual customer agreements and contractual arrangements to ensure compliance with AASB 15;
- Testing a sample of revenue transactions by agreeing the amounts to contract terms, delivery of performance obligations and other supporting documentation;
- Analytically reviewing revenue streams against the prior corresponding period to identify and assess potential anomalies;
- Reviewing management's information and key estimates relating to incremental costs to obtain customer contracts; and
- Assessing the appropriateness of the Group's disclosures within the financial statements.

#### Information other than the financial report and auditor's report thereon

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2025, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of the Directors for the financial report

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of:

- a the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 (other than the consolidated entity disclosure statement); and
- b the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, and

for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of:

- i the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- ii the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct and is free of misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: <a href="https://www.auasb.gov.au/media/bwvjcgre/ar1\_2024.pdf">https://www.auasb.gov.au/media/bwvjcgre/ar1\_2024.pdf</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### Report on the remuneration report

#### Opinion on the remuneration report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in the Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2025.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Prophecy International Holdings Limited, for the year ended 30 June 2025 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

#### Responsibilities

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

GRANT THORNTON AUDIT PTY LTD

**Chartered Accountants** 

I S Kemp

Partner - Audit & Assurance

Adelaide, 29 September 2025

ABN: 16 079 971 618

# **Additional Information for Listed Public Companies**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### **ASX Additional Information**

Additional information required by the ASX Listing Rules and not disclosed elsewhere in this report is set out below. This information is effective as at 26 September 2025.

#### **Substantial shareholders**

The number of substantial shareholders and their associates are set out below:

#### Voting rights

## **Ordinary Shares**

On a show of hands, every member present at a meeting in person or by proxy shall have one vote and upon a poll each share shall have one vote.

#### **Options**

No voting rights.

## Distribution of equity security holders

		Ordinary shares	
Holding		Shares	Options
1 - 1,000		346	0
1,001 - 5,000		436	0
5,001 - 10,000		212	0
10,001 - 100,000		371	0
100,000 and over		76	0
	Total	1,441	0

There were 526 holders of less than a marketable parcel of ordinary shares.

# Prophecy International Holdings Limited and Controlled Entities ABN: 16 079 971 618

# Additional Information for Listed Public Companies For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

Rank	Twenty Largest Shareholders	Numbers Held	% of Ordinary
1.	HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED	9,839,311	13.34%
2.	REYER INVESTMENTS PTY LTD (SUPER FUND A/C)	7,830,000	10.62%
3.	BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES PTY LTD <ib au="" noms="" retailclient=""></ib>	7,095,715	9.62%
4.	DUNMOORE PTY LTD	4,764,052	6.46%
5.	BOND STREET CUSTODIANS LIMITED <salter -="" a="" c="" d79836=""></salter>	4,500,000	6.10%
6.	J P MORGAN NOMINEES AUSTRALIA PTY LIMITED	3,143,903	4.26%
7.	CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	2,659,296	3.61%
8.	MR STUART CRAIG GEROS+MRS MICHELLE DOROTHY GEROS (THE EMERALD POINT FAM A/C)	1,657,548	2.25%
9.	TEN TALENTS <five a="" c="" talents=""></five>	1,592,321	2.16%
10.	HOLDEN HOLDEN + ASSOCIATES PTY LTD	1,017,875	1.38%
11.	CHRISTINE HOLDEN NOMINEES PTY LTD < CHRISTINE HOLDEN SF A/C>	800,000	1.08%
12.	CUSTODIAL SERVICES LIMITED (BENEFICIARIES HOLDING A/C)	783,199	1.06%
13.	MRS L R CHALLANS + MR S W CHALLANS	774,880	1.05%
14.	MRS GLENIS NITA O'DONNELL	555,000	0.75%
15.	MR DARREL RAY SCHNEIDER <schneider a="" c="" family="" jv=""></schneider>	552,159	0.75%
16.	ANDAMAX INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	460,000	0.62%
17.	SMOOTHWARE PTY LTD	445,730	0.60%
18.	EST DR DEAN ANDARY	412,615	0.56%
19.	MR PETER JOSEPH BARZEN	379,392	0.51%
20.	SIMKAR PTY LTD <s &="" a="" bond="" c="" fund="" k="" super=""></s>	350,000	0.47%

ABN: 16 079 971 618

# Additional Information for Listed Public Companies For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

#### **Substantial Shareholders**

Substantial shareholders in the company are set out below:

Name	Ordinary Shares	% held
HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED	9,839,311	13.34%
REYER INVESTMENTS PTY LTD (SUPER FUND A/C)	7,830,000	10.62%
BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES PTY LTD	7,095,715	9.62%
DUNMOORE PTY LTD	4,764,052	6.46%

#### **Other Information**

Enquiries from shareholders should be addressed to Prophecy International Holdings Limited on (08) 8213 1200 or the Company's Share Registry, Computershare Investor Services on 1300 55 61 61 from within Australia or +61 3 9415 4000 from outside Australia

Shareholders who have changed their address should advise the Company's Share Registry in writing. Shareholders who do not wish to receive an Annual Report should advise the Company's Share Registry in writing.

## **Voting Rights**

Voting rights attaching to ordinary shares are on a show of hands. Every member present in person or by proxy has one vote, and upon a poll each share shall have one

## **Unissued equity securities**

Options unissued - nil

#### Securities exchange

The Company is listed on the Australian Securities Exchange.